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CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, —Published Weekly— BY JOHN S. & HORATIO N. GALLAHER.

VOL. 39. THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12, 1846. NO. 49.

CLAIRMONT NURSERY,
NEAR BALTIMORE, MD.

WE again take pleasure in notifying our various customers and the public, that the time has arrived for transplanting Trees, &c. and consider our stock of

Fruit Trees

Superior to what they have ever been before, both in quality and in quantity, as we have had an opportunity of testing their correctness from our standard trees, which are extensively bearing. We deem it unnecessary to enumerate the various kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Roses, Green house Plants, Flower Roots, &c., &c.; suffice it to say, our *Nursery and Seed Garden occupies about 100 Acres of the Farm,* and our determination is to give satisfaction if possible, both in price and quality. Printed catalogues, giving our prices, will be sent gratis. Where large quantities are wanted, considerable discount will be made. Letters addressed to R. SINCLAIR, Jr. & Co., Light Street, Baltimore, or the subscribers, Baltimore, Md., will meet with prompt attention.

SINCLAIR & CORSE.

Baltimore, Nov 5, 1846—3t

☞ Orders left with REYES & KEARSLEY, will be promptly attended to.

The Cheapest Goods!

JUST received a fresh supply of Fall Goods —among them,
10 pieces of Calico at 5 cts.
10 " do 8 cents,
10 " do 10 cents,
10 " do 12½ cents,
with others at higher prices. Also, Brown Cottons at 6, 8, and 10 cents; heavy & cheap Shawls; Comforts, Gloves, Hosiery, Umbrellas, &c., which, together with the stock on hand, renders the stock very complete, and will be sold at the very lowest prices.

I engaged in this business as Agent for Mr. J. J. MILLER, for the purpose of making a living for my family, and I would feel under great obligations to my old friends and customers to give me a call, as I feel confident from the facilities I enjoy, I can sell them as low, if not lower, than they can be bought any where.

S. H. ALLEMONG, Agent.

Nov 5, 1846

J. H. BEARD,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has replenished his Store with nearly an entire *NEW STOCK* of such articles as are usually kept by him, with many new articles, which he offers very low, and hopes, by strict personal attention, to merit a continuance of public patronage. His stock consists in part as follows:

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

Nitric Acid	Cream Tartar
Gum Camphor,	Extract Jalep
Gum Aloes	Epsom Salts
Sulph. Morphea,	Seidlitz Powders
Sulph. Quinine,	Soda Powders
Hydrate Potash,	Kreosote
Piperpine,	Laudanum,
Nitrate of Silver	Hive Syrup
Extract Colocynth	Paregoric
Precipitate Ex Bark	Super Carb Soda
Blue Mass	Tartaric Acid
Gum Arabic	Assafoetida
Powdered Rhubarb	Black Oil Varnish
Castor Oil	Black, Blue & Red Inks
Henry's Calc Magnesia	Indelible Ink
Husband's do do	Fresh Salid Oil
Durand's Solution Iodine	Carb Ammonia
Iron	Carb Magnesia
Fowler's Solut'n Arsenic,	Long Pepper
Donovin's do Iodine,	Mace and Nutmegs
Arsenic and Mercury	Ground Turmerick
Oxalid Acid	Black Pepper
Ground Rice Flour	Allspice
Wafers & Sealing Wax	Cloves
Blister Plaster	Black and White Mustard
Strengthening Plasters	Seed
Cinnamon Bark	Gum Tragecanth
Calomel	Sugar Lead.

PATENT MEDICINES, &c.

Swaim's Panacea	Judkin's Ointment
Cooke's Syrup Sarsaparilla	Harrison's do
	Sing's I. do
Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry	Lee's I. do
	McAllister's All Healing Salve
Hamilton's Prep'n Wild Cherry	
	Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills
Comstock's Extract Sarsaparilla	Steer's Opodeldoc
	Dr. Strith's do
Jaynes' Expectorant	Peter's Pills
Jaynes' Carminative	Anderson's do
Jaynes' Hair Tonic	Harlick's do
Balm of Columbia	Lyons' do
Jaynes' Vermifuge	Hoopers' Femal do
Morrison's do	Meade's Anti-Dyspeptic
Dr. Strith's do	Thompson's Eye Water
Great Western Panacea	Oil of Tannin
Indian do	Michau's Freckle Wash
Godfrey's Cordial	Love's Fever and Ague
Bateman's Drops	Mixture
Harlem Oil	Elixers
Harris's Tetter Wash	Cordials, &c.

Oils, Paints, Dye Stuffs, &c.

White Lead in Oil	Copal Varnish
Do do dry	Japan Varnish
Venitian Red	Chinese Vermillion
Spanish Brown	Verdigris
Do White	Frostings of all sizes
Chrome Green	Window Glass of all sizes. (I also have a diamond to cut glass any size, without charge)
Do Yellow	
Do Red	
Paris Green	
Terradiesienna	Paint Brushes, a great variety
Turkey Umber	
Yellow Ochre	Putty
Stone Ochre	Madder
Chipped Logwood	Ground Logwood
Ground Brazil	Chipped Fustick
Do Nisaragua	Blue Vitriol
Linseed Oil	Gold Leaf.
Spirits Turpentine	

Fancy Articles, Perfumery, &c.

The deceased's Wife	Accordions
Hair Brushes assorted	Glass Fancy Boxes, great variety
Clothes do	Patent Kaleidscopes
Tooth do	Razor Strops
Comb do	Razors
Nail do	Ink Stands, Glass
Redding Combs	Do do Wood
Side do	Soaps, assorted
Fine-tooth do	Cologne Water
Shell Side do	Lavender do
Horn do do	Bears Oil
Shell Hair Pins	Indian Oil
Tuck Combs	Ox Marrow
Ivory Pocket Combs	Pomatum
Infant Fine-tooth do	Bandoline
Pocket Books, a large assortment	Scent Bags
	Buffalo Oil
Silk, Thread and Cotton Purses	Preston's Salts
	Watch Ribbons
Steel Beads	Do Keys
Gold and Silver Beads	Do Chains
Glass Mixed do	Do Guards
Pearl Coral do	Visiting Cards
Snuff Boxes	Violins & extra Strings.

Books, Stationery, &c.

Gilt Bibles	Letter Paper,
Do Prayer Books	Cap do
Do Psalms and Hymns	Note do
Do Methodist do	Silver Pencils
Miss Leslie's Cookery	Steel Pens
School Books, assorted	Quills
Toy Books, a large variety	Penknives
	Bronzed Sealing Wax
Almanacs for 1847	Slates and Pencils

Fruits, Confectionary, &c.

200 lbs Candy, assorted	Sugar Crackers
Almonds, Filberts	Soda do
Palm Nuts, Prunes, Dates	Water do
English Walnuts	Tobacco, Segars, Snuff
Jujube Paste	&c. &c. &c.

J. H. BEARD.

Charlestown, Nov 5, 1846.

N. B. Physicians' Prescriptions [illegible] with great care and promptness. J. H. B.

WOOLLEN BLANKETS, for sale by [illegible]
Nov 5. T C SIGAFOOSE.

NEW GOODS.

JUST received, a complete assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, &c. which have been purchased with great care and at very low prices. I would respectfully invite my friends and the public generally to call and examine my stock before they buy, as I am determined to sell extremely low for cash, or to punctual customers on the usual terms.

JOHN K. WHITE.

Shepherdstown, Nov. 5, 1846.

Second Arrival
OF
Fall & Winter Goods.

THE subscriber has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, with a supply of Fall & Winter Goods, which, together with his former stock, makes his assortment complete—consisting in part of the following, viz. Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Satinetts, Prints, Mouselin de Lains, Fancy Scarfs, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Fulled Linsey, Farmer's Jeans, White Welsh Flannels, Red and Yellow Flannel, Super Cashmere Shawls, Super Cashmere Closking, Alpaccas, Merinoes, &c. Groceries of every description, Woodware, Hardware, &c.

Persons wishing Great Bargains will do well to call before purchasing as I am determined to sell low. M. DORAN.

Harpers Ferry, Nov 5, 1846—tf

Wanted Immediately,

A BOY in a country Store.
Nov 5. S HEFLEBOWER & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES & BROGANS.

1000 PAIR Woman's Misses and children's Shoes and Bootees,
Cases men's and boy's Boots,
Do do Brogans
Ladies and gents Gum Overshoes, for sale low,
Nov 5 T C SIGAFOOSE.

Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings.

I WOULD call the attention of gentlemen to my large stock of men's wear, embracing all the latest styles out this season. Please call and take a look through the stock.
Nov 5. T C SIGAFOOSE.

New Goods.

WHITNEY, Felt and Rose Point Blankets, 4/8, 10, 11 and 12-4,
Flannels, red, white, yellow and green,
Bleached and unbleached canton flannel,
Plain and twilled osnaburgs, fulled linsey,
Plaid cottons, checks, extra heavy,
Linseys, counterpanes, comforts,
Alpacca, cashmere, mohair & lambs' wool hose,
Children's hose, yarn socks, tarlton plaid,
Kentucky jeans, tweed, cassinet, cassimere,
100 pieces brown and bleached muslin.

A full supply of the above articles received and for sale at reduced prices.

ADAM YOUNG, Jr. Agt.

Harpers Ferry, Nov 5.

CASHMERES from 31c to 1 dollar pr yard, Moulin de Lains from 18¾ to 50c " "
Mouslin de Lain Robes, Crape de Lain,
Alpaccas, cashmere and blanket shawls,
Beautiful new style Prints, French Merino,
Linen hdkfs. from 12½ to 1 dollar, for sale by

Adam Young, Jr. Agt.

Harpers-Ferry, Nov 5.

50 LBS. JuJube Paste,
200 lbs confectionary,
50 boxes fresh bunch Raisins,
1 box Maccaroni,
10 gross box blacking,
50 gross matches, for sale by
Nov 5 *Adam Young, Jr., Agt.*

Domestics.

BLEACHED and brown cottons, bleached and brown sheetings, do plain and twilled osnaburgs, bed tickings and checks, for sale by

Crane & Sadler.

Fresh Groceries.

A GENERAL assortment of groceries just received and for sale by

Crane & Sadler.

LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Jamaica Spirits, Old Holland Gin, Old Rye Whiskey and common do, for sale by *Crane & Sadler.*

DRIED Peaches, and Apples, and Beans
Nov 5. *CRANE & SADLER.*

WAITERS—Splendid Waiters in setts, For sale by *T C Sigafoose.*
Nov 5.

CARPET CHAIN—Colored and White, for sale by *T C Sigafoose.*
Nov 5.

AXES—2 dozen heavy Axes, weighing from 5½ to 7 lbs., for sale by
Nov 5. *T C Sigafoose.*

PLASTER for sale, for cash or in exchange for produce. WM R SEEVERS.

SUGAR-HOUSE SYRUP, a delicious article for table use, for sale by
Nov 5. WM R SEEVERS.

SADDLES—(Some of Isler's make, first rate,) Blind Bridles, Riding do, Collars, &c., for sale by *Wm R Seevers.*

BEST article winter strained bleached Sperm Oil. Also, Flaxseed and Fish Oils, &c., for sale low by *Wm R Seevers.*

ONE cask pure *Pale Brandy*, in the original cask, just received and for sale by
Nov 5 *Wm R Seevers.*

A Good Tailor

WOULD find this an excellent location for business. I will furnish a comfortable shop and boarding, upon very moderate terms.

WM R SEEVERS.

Summit Point, Jefferson Co. Va.
Nov 5, 1846.

CAPS & HATS—Fur, cloth, glazed, silk, cloth and leir Caps,
Gents Fashionable Hats,
White and black do.
For sale by T C SIGAFOOSE.
Nov 5.

WORSTED COATS.—Children's Worsted Coats; Ladies, misses and children's Hoods; for sale by T C SIGAFOOSE.
Nov 5.

GROCERIES.

THE most superior Family Groceries, with Bacon, Lard, Flour, Corn Meal, Salt, Fish, &c. always on hand, at very reduced prices, by
Nov. 5. S. H. ALLEMONG, Agt.

NEW STORE.

I HAVE rented the Store House formerly occupied by Mr. Joseph M. Brown, and there opened a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, &c.

Special attention will be paid to Groceries. I have made arrangements to be constantly supplied with *Flour, Corn Meal, Bacon, Fish, Lard, Salt, Dried Fruit, Potatoes, &c.*, with almost every article of this kind, in common use in families, all of which will be sold at reduced prices for cash or country produce.

I have employed Mr. S. H. ALLEMONG as clerk, and hope to attend to the business.

Oct 29, 1846. J. F. MILLER

POETRY.

I LOVE TO LIVE.

"I love to live," said a prattling boy,
As he gaily played with his new bought toy,
And a merry laugh went echoing forth,
From a bosom filled with joyous mirth.

"I love to live," said a stripling bold—
"I will seek for fame—I will toil for gold,"
And he formed in his pleasure many a plan
To be carried out when he grew a man.

"I love to live," said a lover true,
"Oh, gentle maid I would live for you;
I have labored hard in search of fame—
I have found it but an empty name."

"I love to live," said a happy sire,
As his children neared the winter fire;
For his heart was cheered to see their joy,
And he almost wished himself a boy.

"I love to live," said an aged man,
Whose hour of life was well nigh ran—
Think you such words from him were wild?
The old man was again a child.

And ever thus in this fallen world,
Is the banner of hope to the breeze unfurled;
And only with hope of life on high,
Can a mortal ever love to die.

I LIVE TO LOVE.

"I live to love," said a laughing girl,
And she playfully tossed each flaxen curl;
And she climbed on her loving father's knee,
And snatched a kiss in her childish glee.

"I live to love," said a maiden fair,
As she twined a wreath for her sister's hair;
They were bound by the chords of love together,
And death alone could these sisters sever.

"I live to love," said a gay young bride,
Her loved one standing by her side,
Her life told again what her lips had spoken,
And never was the link of affection broken.

"I live to love," said a mother kind—
"I would live a guide to the infant mind,"
Her precepts and example given,
Guided her children home to Heaven.

"I shall live to love" said a fading form,
And her eye was bright and her cheek grew warm;
As she thought on the blissful world on high,
She would "live to love" and never die.

And ever thus in this lower world,
Should the Banner of Love be wide unfurled,
And when we meet in the world above,
May we love to live and live to love.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Little Kindnesses—Small acts of kindness!—how pleasant and desirable do they make life. Every dark object is made light by them, and every tear of sorrow is brushed away. When the heart is sad, and despondency sits at the entrance of the soul, a trifling kindness drives despair away, and makes the path of life cheerful and pleasant. Who will refuse a kind act? It costs the giver nothing, but it is invaluable to the sad and sorrowing. It raises from misery and degradation, and throws around the soul those hallowed joys that were lost in Paradise.

When the sacrifice which you request a friend to make is greater than the benefit you obtain thereby, your demand is uncourteous.

Of all the actions of man's life, his marriage does least concern other people; yet of all actions of his life it is most meddled with.

Prefer solid sense to wit; never study to be diverting without being useful; let no jest intrude upon your good manners, nor say any thing that may offend modesty.

"Let me see you dare to do it," as the waman said to her husband when he told her he was going to thow himself into the river.

Merrily jumpeth the child about on its crutch; pevishly crawleth the old man on his. Children both—wherein differ they? The one hopeth, the other remembereth.

Great efforts from great motives, is the best definition of a happy life. The easiest labor is a burden to him who has no motive for performing it.

Have sufficient courage to speak to a poor friend, even in the street, and when a rich one is nigh. The effort is not so great as many people would imagine, and the action is worthy.

The highest excellence is seldom attained in more than one vocation. The roads leading to distinction in separate pursuits diverge, and the nearer we approach the one, the farther we recede from the other.

Are You Happy?—If you are—says a celebrated writer—make others so. Are you rich?—Distribute to the poor. Are you contented?—Cheer the lone pathway of your neighbors.

Love,—matured or fanned into a flame by a reciprocation of kind offices—is like fire upon the hearth, that sheds its congenial warmth to all around the social, happy fireside.

Sensible Girl—A young lady says they may talk as much as they please about the virtues of the galvanic ring, but, for her part, she believes that the wedding ring is the most potent cure for all young ladies.

Kindness in the heart is a gem of the first magnitude. Whoever possesses this trait, will sail smoothly over the ocean of life, leaving behind a memory that will never cease to be cherished.

A gentleman was at a stable buying a horse, and wanted to see his motions.—The horse trader called his boy, who happened to be away, to come and ride the horse, and he accordingly mounted; but not having heard the previous conversation the boy was at a loss how to proceed, till he called his master to him and asked in a low voice, which rather unluckily was overheard, 'Sir, am I to ride him to *sell by* or to *buy by*?'

A Yankee Trick—The Hartford Times reminds us of the device af a gentleman in a neighboring town last fall, to fill his cellar with *first rate* potatoes at a very low price. It will be recollected that potatoes generally were not of the best quality and the price high. The gentleman gave notice that he had a particular desire to get a *specimen* of the *best sort of potatoes* raised that season, and acccordingly offered three dollars for the best peck that should be emptied into his cellar—he being the judge. The potatoes came pouring in, peck after peck—those farmers who had different sorts bringing a peck of each, and of the very best of the lot. The gentleman soon found that he had a cellar full of first rate potatoes, when he shut his doors, and paid $3 to the farmer who left the best peck, according to his judgment. He had potatoes to sell in the spring.

An Irish gentleman the other day, in the excess of connubial affection, exclaimed, "Heaven forbid, my dear, that I should ever live to see you a widow!"

A person pointed out a man who had a profusion of rings on his fingers to a cooper. "Ah sir," said the artizan, "it is a sure sign of weakness when so many hoops are used."

A friend says he saw a fence made of such crooked rails, that every time a pig crawled through it came out on the same side

'Anything for a change,' as the boy remarked when he was being licked with the big end of the whip.

Lord Kelly had a very red face.—'Pray my lord,' said Foote to him, 'come and look over my garden wall; my cucumbers are very backward.'

I rise for information,' said a member of a legislative body. 'I hope you will obtain it,' said a by stander 'for no man needs it more.

Don't be too Particular.—An Irishman once dreamt that he visited the Lord Mayor of London, who treated him with the greatest hospitality, and asked him if he would'nt "*take* a little su'thin'." He replied that he would'nt mind a little whiskey punch. "Hot or cold?" inquired his lordship. His guest preferred it warm; but, while the Lord Mayor was out heating the water, the Irishman awoke from his delicious slumber. "Och!" cried he, comprehending what a fool he was to await for hot punch during the precarious tenure of a dream, "how I wish I'd said *cowld!*"

ITEMS IN GENERAL.

ATTEMPT TO STRANGLE A JAILOR.

On Thursday evening, while the turnkey of the city jail was in the act of examining the cells of the prison, and locking up the criminals for the night, he was siezed by the throat by a very powerful fellow named *Smith*, (who is under confinement for embezzling 36 barrels of flour,) and choked until lifeless. Smith then took the key of the gaole leading into the prison from the keeper, and giving the jailor's usual signal to the black fellow in the yard, the inner door was opened. (From the yard to the prison there are two doors, the inner one of wood, which is fastened with a lock and key; the outer one of bar iron, fastened with a long iron bolt.) Smith then attempted to hoist the bolt which fastens the outer door, but the negro had the presence of mind to seize the lower end of it, and by pulling it with force, bent it in such a way that the prisoner could not hoist it. The alarm was speedily given, and the scoundrel, finding himself foiled in his efforts to escape, returned to his cell. Lieut. Wilkinson, of the watch, was at once sent for, and arrived at the jail, accompanied by two of his men, in a few minutes after the occurrence. Finding Smith in his cell, Lieut. W. ordered him to come out, but the prisoner refusing to obey, he was dragged forth by the watchmen, and snugly stowed away in irons. We are glad to learn that the jailor has not been very seriously injured; and we hope this attempt on his life will teach him better than to be visiting the cells alone, without the means of defending himself.

[*Richmond Republican.*

NEW JERSEY AGAINST THE WORLD—A correspondent says there is now residing in Monmouth county New Jersey, a gentleman whose children weigh the following extraordinary weight. The father has just attained his 70th year, and by request, had his children all present on his birth day celebration, and he had the satisfaction of seeing them all enjoying good health, and weigh as follows:

His two sons—1st, 210; 2d, 190,	400
His 6 daughters—1st, 245; 2d, 265; 3d, 222; 4th, 209; 5th, 186; 6th, 160, making	1287
Whole weight,	1687

Beat this who can.

Put on your Flannels—However some may decry the use of flannels, they are great conservators of health. Good physicians have said that few children were afflicted with the summer complaint last season, who wore flannels next to their skin. Our sudden changes of weather require warm clothing, and when once the winter clothing is put on, it should not be changed until the season for warm weather arrives.—If by neglect in this particular a cold is taken, it may settle on the lungs, and soon ripen into a consumption, a disease we may say belonging to our climate. In September, October and November, we experience many sudden changes of the weather, and whenever it is cold enough to produce a chill, then warm clothes should be used.

INTERESTING IN RELATION TO THE JEWS.—The London Jewish Chronicle, of June 12th, publishes the contents of an interesting letter from Jerusalem.—The brethren of the *ten tribes*, it seems, are to be hunted out, and for this purpose the Jews in England intend to exert a hearty co-operation with those settled in other lands. On the 16th of May, a letter arrived in London from the synagogue authorities of Sapheth, saying that in consequence of important information having reached them as to the country where the brethren of the ten tribes are to be found, a resolution was immediately passed to elect from their congregation a man ready and capable for a mission to that country. They appeal to the Jerusalem Jews for co-operation, and also to select in Jerusalem one from the Sephardim (Portugese) Jews, and one from the Ashkenaism (German and Polish) Jews, and to send the three messengers together who will have to travel for several months through enormous deserts.

It is said that these ten tribes constitute an empire of their own, have their own King, and possess great quantities of ammunition. They are of high stature, and have altogether an athletic appearance. They are generally occupied with the Kabala, are strictly religious, and very wealthy, being in possession of many gold mines. They do not permit a foreigner to settle among them; even the sojourn of a few days can be obtained only by the payment of an enormous tax, with the exception of Israelites, who are received as friends, permitted to reside among them, and are altogether recognized as their own brethren. The synagogue authorities of Jerusalem have consented to the mission, though they will have to incur a heavy expense which so long a journey requires.—*Boston Transcript.*

Curious Legacy.—Mr. Tustin, late chaplain to Congress, has had a call to the Presbyterian church in Hagerstown, Md. Mr Hugh Kennedy, who died some years ago, left a small annuity to that church, on condition that they should sing nothing but the Psalms of David; when they depart from this they lose the legacy, which amounts to $800 per annum.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.—Rev. Dr. Baird, than whom no American has, of late, had more free access to the great ones of Europe, says in a recent letter:

"The times are ominous of great evil in Germany. A storm is gathering which will sweep over that country—There is need, therefore, that all that can be done should be, to scatter the seeds of Truth; for *it* alone can save from the horrors of a bloody revolution. Indeed, I think all Continental Europe is going to be shaken to its very centre before many years pass away; but I cannot give you my reasons for believing so.

"I have great reason to believe that my tour has thus far been owned of God, in various ways. I have been received with great kindness by the governments—never more so."

Anecdote of C. F. Mercer—By the bye, talking about Mr. Mercer, we will tell you an anecdote of him. On one occasion, whilst Mason and Mercer were on the bench as rival candidates for Congress, a very respectable man by the name of Forgie, (Mr. Mercer remembers him) came to the polls, and delivered his vote for Mason. Mercer immediately arose and disputed his vote. Forgie turned round to the crowd and said, "Gentlemen, I will tell you the circumstances under which I came to vote here to day. Yesterday, Mr. Mercer called at my house and picked up one of my little children off the floor, whose face was as dirty as molasses candy could make it, and after kissing it, asked me how I should vote.—I told him there was some doubt about my right to vote at all, and submitted to him the papers upon which my title was founded; he examined them, and pronounced my vote as good as that of any man in America. He then left me under the impression that I was going to cast my vote for him; a thing that I never dreamed of doing. Mr. Mercer joined in the laugh—though the man's story may not have been true.—*Southern Standard.*

Old John Adams—Mr. Webster visited Mr. Adams a short time before his death, and found him reclining on a sofa, evidently in feeble health. He remarked to Mr. Adams—'I am glad to see you, sir, and hope you are getting along pretty well.' Mr. A. replied in the following figurative language: 'Ah, sir, quite the contrary. I find I am a poor tenant, occupying a house much shattered by time. It sways and trembles with every wind, and has, in fact, almost gone to decay; and what is worse, sir, the landlord, as near as I can find out, don't intend to make any repairs.'

A Clock on a New Plan.—Galignani mentions that a watchmaker of Paris has constructed a clock of a curious and most ingenious nature. It is made with eleven dials. The principal dial shows the hours alone; a transparent one, immediately below the former, shows the progression and retrogression of the sun; two others, also transparent, and through which the mechanism of this immense machine can be seen, mark, the one the days of the month, the other the seconds. Eight square enamelled dials are arranged round the two sides of the pendulum, and show the hour in each of the following cities: London, Algiers, Alexandria, St. Helena, Otaheite, Canton, New York and St. Petersburgh. Each of these dials is marked with twenty-four hours, instead of twelve, so as to show the hours of the day and those of the night. Lastly, the pendulum carries a large metrical scale indicating the degree of expansion and contraction of metal.—This clock cost 11,000 francs, or about £600.

THE SUBTREASURY.—We understand that the United States Marshal for this district has procured him "a strong box," wherein to keep his deposites; and, that the box aforesaid may be *safely* kept, he has placed it for security in the vault of the Branch Bank of Cape Fear in this city. Can any thing more strongly illustrate the absurdity of the Subtreasury scheme? The Government will not keep its deposites in a bank; oh, no, that would be monstrous! But its agents put them in a box, and then put that box in a bank! If this is not "whipping the d—l round the stump," we know not what is.

[*Raleigh Register.*

The Presidency—A meeting of the Whigs of Henderson county, Tennessee, was held at Lexington on the 5th inst. at which resolutions were adopted, expressing the preference of the meeting for John McLean, as President of the United States, and Willis P. Mungum, for Vice President.

AGRICULTURAL.

From the Carolina Watchman.

The Secret Art of Subduing Wild Horses and Other Animals.

This wonderful art, founded upon a system of philosophy, is infallible and universal in its application and extends to all the animal kingdom. In regard to the horse, it consists in convincing him that you are his superior, and you have absolute power over him. The system is somewhat akin to animal magnetism in its effect, but the process is widely different.

The Process of Taming a Very Wild Horse which was Never Handled—This consists, first by charming him by a powder, which is obtained by taking the button from the horse's knee, by which I mean the horney substance, growing on the inside, or rather, on the back part of the horse's leg below the knee behind, and above it, before. Dry this substance and pulverise it—put a small quantity into a quill and blow it into his nostrils; in a few minutes it will operate, and cause him to follow you, or permit you to handle his feet, or get upon his back. Thus with perfect ease, may a wild and vicious animal become gentle and harmless.

However absurd the above may seem, we have ourselves witnessed the most magical effect from the use of this singular prescription. We remember that about a year ago a "horse tamer" made his appearance in the city of Richmond, and offered to undertake the most vicious animal that could be produced. We saw him encounter an unbroke young stallion, which he subdued; in fifteen minutes he was climbing to the horse's back by the way of his hind legs. Similar, even stranger, feats were performed, to the great wonder and admiration of our citizens. We were not the depository of this secret, and therefore, are not guilty of any breach of confidence in betraying it, but we know that he professed at least to use no other means to subdue the horse, than the one above alluded to.

RECIPE.—It is well known to most persons that horses and cattle by accident or otherwise do sometimes eat too much grain; and I have known such cases to prove the death of some in a short time; others again linger for some time, and the disease seats upon some part—most commonly the limbs—and renders the creature almost or quite unfit for use.—The simple remedy, when you are satisfied that an animal has eaten too much, is only to take, for a horse, one and a half pints of melted lard, put it in a common junk bottle, and turn it down his throat by taking hold of his tongue with your hand and pulling it one side of his mouth, and put the nose of the bottle on the other side. Manage in the same way with cattle, only the dose may be one pint. And this same remedy I would recommend for creatures that are hoven or swollen by eating too much green clover or any other thing that brings on this complaint.

[*Prairie Farmer.*

KILN DRIED MEAL AND FLOUR.

Mr. Ellsworth, the Ex-Commissioner of Patents, states that he has examined two barrels of meal and flour put up by a patent process of the Messrs. Gills, Mt. Pleasant, Ohio, and that, although they had been exposed to the heat of two summers in an upper loft, he found them both perfectly sweet and sound. The meal and flour are both dried, after being bolted, by means of hot air, whereby twelve or sixteen pounds of water are extracted from a barrel of flour, and a little more from a barrel of meal. Flour dried in this way, has remained in New York and Rio Janeiro during the hot summer months, and kept sweet, whilst cargoes of common flour were spoiled.

There can be no doubt that we are destined to export immense quantities of Indian corn, the most valuable product of the earth, to England, and it is very important that our farmers should learn the best way of preparing it.

[*Southern Planter.*

CURE FOR QUINSY.—Simmer hops in vinegar a few minutes, until the strength is extracted; strain the liquid, sweeten it with sugar, and give it frequently to the child or patient, in small quantities, until relieved. This is said to be an excellent medicine.

COOKING FOOD FOR SWINE.—Dr. Lee, in an article in the Genesee Farmer on pork-making, says—'From some experiments of my own, and considerable research into the published result of the experience of others, I am satisfied that ten bushels of boiled potatoes, thoroughly mixed with the pudding that can be made from three bushels of corn or peas, will make as much pork as twenty bushels of potatoes, and six bushels of corn or peas fed raw.'

MEDITERRANEAN WHEAT.

Notwithstanding the prejudices of our city millers against it, we believe the Mediterranean is destined to enter largely into the future crops of Virginia, and we advise every farmer who has an opportunity of doing so, to make it a large part of his seeding this fall. Our own opinions have yielded to the experience of others, and we now unhesitatingly recommend this variety to public favor.—We have been in various sections of the State this summer, and wherever we have been, we found that the Mediterranean in the last harvest far outstripped all other varieties, certainly in quantity of yield, and generally in perfection of grain. It is, we believe, as liable to be attacked both by the fly and rust as any other kind of wheat, but it seems to have a peculiarity in the straw, that renders the attack of either evil less injurous.

[*Southern Standard*

From the American Agriculturist.

SUPERIOR MODE OF CURING HAMS.

Agreeably to your request I herewith send you the process of curing the hams I sent you in March, which called forth the admiration of the American Agricultural Association, and the Farmer's Club, at New York.

I made a pickle of two quarts of salt, to which I added one ounce of summer savory, one ditto sweet marjoram, one ditto allspice, half ditto saltpetre, and one pound brown sugar: boilded all together and applied the mixture boiling hot to one hundred pounds of hams, and kept them in the pickle three or four weeks.

My process of smoking was not most expensive, but may not be the less available on that account. I smoked the hams in a seed cask, with one head in, with a small hole for the smoke to pass out, hung my hams to the head, and used about a peck of mahogany sawdust for fuel, which I happened to have on hand for packing goods. I smoked but one week. W. S.

Boston, May 6, 1846.

CATTLE—We should be particularly careful that our cattle are not suffered to fall away in the fore part of winter.—Milk cows should receive good attention. Cut corn-fodder and roots may be used to advantage, and prevent, in a good degree, the falling off in the quantity of milk at this season. Calves have not been accustomed to dry food, and you ought not to commence feeding course hay to them. Give them your best hay and roots daily.—*Conn. Far.*

WHAT IS GOOD FARMING?—The best and most pithy definition we ever heard of good farming, was given by Mr. Kane, at a late agricultural meeting in Dorsetshire, Eng. He said, he fed his land before hungry rested it before weary, weeded it before foul.

ODD FELLOWSHIP.

TRIBUTE TO DEPARTED WORTH.

THE LAMENTED WATSON.—At a meeting of the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of this State, held in Baltimore.—P. G. M. JAMES RIDGELY delivered the following appropriate and beautiful remarks, in relation to the death of Col. W. H. Watson, who was a member of the Grand Lodge:

M. Worthy Grand Master.—I rise, Sir, at the opening of this session, to perform a melancholy office, to announce the death of our beloved Brother, P. G. WILLIAM H. WATSON, a Lieutenant Colonel in the volunteer service of the United States, and for many years a distinguished member of this body.

His eminent virtues as a citizen, his enthusiasm and devotion as an Odd Fellow, his firm and unfaltering courage as a soldier, are written in deathless letters upon the hearts of his countrymen, his brethren, and his companions in arms.—Since last he met us in this Grand Lodge, his noble spirit has passed to the hands of its Creator, to the Grand Lodge above.—Here, sir, within these walls, his familiar countenance will no more be met and welcomed; his seat is now and forever vacant in this earthly Lodge; his voice, so often eloquent and persuasive in vindication of a more enlarged humanity, will be here, no longer heard; but, sir, I only utter the concentrated sentiment of the whole Order, when I say that his name and memory will be cherished by every Lodge and every Odd Fellow throughout this Continent.

The brave, the gallant Watson, our beloved Brother, has fallen! In the hour of Victory, the fatal shaft which consecrated his name to immortality *itself*, chilled the warm current of life. Watson sleeps within an honored grave.

I knew him well, personally, politically and professionally. It was my good fortune to serve with him in the Councils of the State, as his colleague and personal friend. All here knew him well—he was frank, brave, generous to a fault.—Such was our lamented brother. It well becomes us, in view of his interesting death, in our very midst, of one so young, sacrificed in a cause so glorious, to mingle our grief with that of the community at large.

These remarks were accompanied by a number of appropriate resolutions, which were submitted and unanimously adopted.

The Odd Fellows.—The Gratitude Lodge of this city has suffered rather heavily, by the loss of the Baltimore volunteers in the Mexican war. First came the death of a young man, we believe, named Meeks; next came Colonel Watson, and third came George A. Herring. For each of these the lodge is bound to pay $400, making $1,200 in all, for the benefit of their heirs, &c. This money, to which they are entitled from the lodge, will tend to give relief, in no small way, to those left behind.—*Balt. Sun.*

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VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

CHARLESTOWN:
THURSDAY MORNING.
November 12, 1846.

A WHIG AVALANCHE!

A Most Brilliant Victory!

NEW YORK Redeemed and Disenthralled from the embraces of Locofocoism!!!

The election in the State of New York on Tuesday week resulted in a most brilliant triumph of the Whig cause. The Loco Administration cannot fail to read in the New York election the hand-writing on the wall: "MENE, MENE, TEKEL UPHARSIN—Thou art weighed in the balances and found wanting." The contest was entered by the Locofocos with every confidence of success and the most sanguine spirit prevailed. Desperate efforts were resorted to by them in order to render success doubly sure—the convicts on Blackwell's Island were let loose on a parole of honor, and sent over to New York to vote the "Democratic" ticket, with directions to vote in as many wards as possible, (as will be seen in another article,)—but with all, the enlightened Freemen of New York, the Yeomanry of the country, have spurned the dictation of leaders, and boldly voted the Whig ticket, being convinced that the salvation of the country rests upon carrying into practice the principles of the Whig party. Gloriously have they put their seal of condemnation upon the British Tariff Act of last session, and the poor, pitiless, Sub-Treasury Scheme—a scheme which New York has never been in favor of, and of which she has again expressed her just abhorrence.

The following appears to be the result.

For Governor.

Returns from all the counties have been received which show that JOHN YOUNG has a majority of 10,876 over Silas Wright for Governor. Wright was elected in 1844 by a majority of over 10,000—showing a Whig gain in the State of over 20,000 since 1844.

Lieutenant Governor.

Nothing positive is known as to the Lieut. Governor, though Gardiner, Loco, is said to be elected.

Congress.

Last year the delegation from New York stood 21 Locos, 9 Whigs, and 4 Natives. This year the tables have been completely turned.—The Whigs have elected 22, Locos and Hunkers 11, and 1 doubtful. Phœnix, Whig, is beaten in the city by only 42, and Mofiroe by 143—so that a few more votes would have given us two more members.

State Senate.

Of the 24 Senators who hold over, 15 are Democrats, 5 Whigs, and 1 Native American. Of the 8 elected this year, the Whigs have probably chosen 6, and the Locofocos 2. Thus the Senate will stand from this estimate, 20 Locos, 11 Whigs, and 1 Native. As the Native member is also a Whig, the Locofoco majority in the Senate will be 8.

House of Assembly.

The last Assembly consisted of 52 Whigs, 74 Locos and 2 Anti-Renters, not otherwise classed. The Assembly is now set down at 74 Whigs and 54 Locos—making a Whig majority of 20, and on joint ballot of 12. Another statement gives the Whigs 8 majority on joint ballot—either will answer very well for all practicable purposes.

NEW YORK.—The Albany Evening Journal says: "The immense majority against the amended constitution in the city of New York excited the fears of its friends. But there is no danger of its rejection. The centre and west, so far as we hear, very generally voted "Yes." The negro suffrage clause has met with a different fate. It is rejected by a large majority."

NEW JERSEY ERECT!

The Gallant "Jersey Blues" true to Whig Faith! Their 'Broad Seal' of condemnation on the British Tariff Act of 1846!!!

The Whigs of New Jersey have come out triumphantly in the late contest in that State, having elected FOUR out of the five Members of Congress—12 to 7 of the State Senators—and 40 to 18 of the Members of the Assembly—making a clear Whig majority of 21 on joint ballot!

The cheering results of the election in this State are thus summed up in the Newark Advertiser.—Fourteen of the nineteen counties of New Jersey have declared against the spirit and policy of the National Administration, by sending delegations to the State Legislature to re-elect a Whig U. S. Senator; four of the five Congress Districts have chosen Representatives by unexampled majorities, to vote against its measures, and seek the re-establishment of sound principles, and the Whig popular majority is immense. The Whig majority in the last Legislature was five in the Senate, and four in the Assembly. We have now gained five Whig members in Burlington, two in Camden, two in Salem, five in Monmouth, and one in Atlantic. We have also elected Senators in Passaic, Middlesex, Burlington, Cumberland, and Cape May. Seven Whig Senators hold over, so that we shall have twelve Senators—a majority of five in the Senate.

This is but "the beginning of the end."

GOOD NEWS FROM MICHIGAN

WHIG GAINS.

The New York Tribune claims the election of two Whigs out of three Congressmen from this State, and thinks the Legislature will be of the same complexion. The following counties are reported to have been carried by the Whigs, for the first time, this year; Calhoun, Jackson, Van Buren, St. Joseph's, and Oakland.

'Peace, too, hath its victories.'—*Rich. Enq.*

Yes, peace hath its victories, responds the Wheeling Times.

There is a Whig victory in Ohio.
The Whig victory in Pennsylvania.
The Whig victory in Georgia.
The Whig victory in Maryland.
The Whig victory in Maine.
The Whig victory in New Hampshire.
The Whig victory in Florida.
The Whig victory in New York.
The Whig victory in New Jersey.
Yes, peace, too, hath its victories.

Whig Triumph in Iowa!

The St. Louis Republican has nearly full returns from the first election in this new State. According to a letter from Burlington, Iowa, the whigs have a majority on joint ballot in the Legislature, which gives them two United States Senators. The same writer claims the election of McKnight, the whig candidate for Governor, and thinks it probable that Hendricks, whig, is elected to Congress.

Twenty is a majority in the House of Representatives, to which body the Whigs have elected twenty certain, and have strong hopes of four others.

Ten is a majority in the Senate—the Whigs have elected nine certain, and are confident of three more—making a majority in both branches of the Legislature, which secures the election of TWO WHIG UNITED STATES SENATORS.

EXCUSES FOR DEFEAT.

Our opponents are very naturally trumping up excuses for their signal defeats in Pennsylvania and New York. In the first, the weather was too bad for their *delicate* voters to turn out; and in the second, the Anti-Renters joined the Whigs and gave them the majority! This may be so in the Governor's election, but how happens it that in some of the districts where that question was not even agitated, the Whigs have carried their Congressmen? The Locos don't object to the Anti-Renters securing them a Lieutenant Governor. Oh no, not a word. But, if these bad elements have only *now* joined the Whigs and enabled them to triumph, *where were they before?* Certainly with the Locos—and the complaint seems to be, that they didn't remain with them. They've got into better company, however, and we'll try and make good citizens of them.

The truth is, the bad measures of the dominant party have waked up the *whole* nation.—Even little Iowa, on her entrance into the Union, has put on Whig garments, and will look neat and trig in the Senate of the United States for at least six years.

Did Anti-Rentism carry Florida?

Elections.

An election was held in Massachusetts on Monday for members of Congress and State officers.

Delaware voted on Tuesday for a Governor, a member of Congress and members of the Legislature.

In the latter State we expect to see the "Blue Hen's Chicken's" do the thing that is right—to elect a whig Governor and Member of Congress.

In Massachusetts there is too much splitting and dividing for us to expect a very decided triumph; but we have every confidence that the Old Bay State will stand fast to the Whig faith, re-electing her present excellent Governor and sending to the Legislature a decided majority of Whigs. Members of Congress are also to be chosen. In the Boston district R. C. Winthrop is nominated for re-election, and strangely enough is opposed by some men who call themselves Whigs—and who it is feared jeopardized the election of Mr. W.

☞Mr. Cotterell, Loco, has been elected in the Third Congressional District of Alabama, by a majority of 30 votes. Mr. Yancey, Loco, had a majority in this District of near eight hundred! "Straws show which way the wind blows."

Santa Anna still in Mexico.

It appears by a late arrival from Havana, that Santa Anna is still in Mexico. There is nothing mentioned in the Mexican files of his departure for Monterey. So far from that he was still in the capital, mustering his forces for the contemplated expedition. Large contributions have been made for the support of the Mexican Army. The Clergy had consented to the mortgage of property for $2,000,000. Merchants and other rich citizens had agreed to furnish $500,000 on the 25th of September, and the same sum on the 5th of October, and equal sums would be paid every month.

From this it appears that the Mexicans are determined to pursue the war with vigor.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

FIVE DAYS LATER.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

MONTEREY Mexico, Oct. 10, 1846.

We will have another *"tall fight"* at Saltillo, and our situation is now becoming perilous. The Mexicans are said to number 23,000 men here, and their fortifications are said to be better than at Monterey. Gen. Taylor has only 6,950 men to oppose these. The Government ought to send us at least 10,000 more men.

Lee is still living, but very low—he will die.

Yours, &c., J. M.

From the New Orleans Trepic we make the following extracts:—

The people of Monterey who had left about the time of the siege, were gradually returning. They had begun to exhibit friendly feelings towards the Americans, interchanges of visits not being rare among both parties.

There had been affrays between the citizens of Monterey and Texas Rangers, which resulted, first, in the assassination of a Texan Volunteer, and then, by way of revenge, in the killing of eleven Mexicans by the comrades of the slain. General Taylor, to prevent similar recurrences, had ordered an efficient guard to be distributed through the city.

Lieut. Col. McClung was rapidly recovering from the effects of his wounds. One of the officers of his Regiment informs us that the gallant Colonel was the first man that showed himself on the first fort stormed by General Taylor's Division, and that he received his wounds whilst waving his sword aloft and cheering on his men, shouting "Victory!" The musket ball struck him on his left hand whilst holding his scabbard to his hip, and cut off two of his fingers, glancing from the scabbard and entering his abdomen, fracturing in its course, the bone above the hip joint.

We feel bound to state further, from the evidence furnished us, that Gen. Taylor's coolness and sound judgment throughout the *terrible three days* was remarked by every one engaged, and that his intrepidity was such, he being in the thickest of the fight, and always where the balls fell fastest, that his escape was deemed miraculous. He still preserves the same noble feelings, and stands ready to go where his government may order him, or the services of his country may call him, whether at the head of five or twenty thousand men.

THE TARIFF OF '46.—The Union says "the new tariff gains friends every day." Does the official editor consider the result of the election in Pennsylvania as evidence of it?—*Alex. Gaz.*

COALITION—ABOLITIONISM.

The Washington Union has lately expended column upon column in endeavoring to fix the stigma of a coalition between the Whigs of the North and the Abolitionists, whilst, at the same time, it has carefully suppressed every article at all calculated to exhibit the feelings of the Locofocos at the North upon this same question of Abolitionism.

For the edification of such journals, and the proper enlightenment of the Southern mind, we annex a copy of an article, published as an advertisement in the N. York Sun, calling upon the faithful *democratic* Abolitionists for assistance, succor and support. The article appeared a few days previous to the New York election.

"VOTE FOR UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.

Democrats! hear the voice of your Lieutenant Governor. Addison Gardiner, Lieutenant Governor of the State, and now a candidate for re-election, being questioned by the Abolitionists of the 8th district with regard to negro suffrage, replied as follows:

"ROCHESTER, OCTOBER 16, 1846.

* * "Question. Are you in favor of extending the elective franchise to the colored man the same as the white?" "I answer, YES. * * * I do not deem their numbers or influence in this State sufficient to justify us in withholding from them the right of suffrage. There should be no exception to the doctrine of equal rights without a strong necessity; and that necessity I do not conceive to exist in the present case. Very respectfully,

Your fellow-citizen,
"A. GARDINER."

Be sure to vote for equal suffrage to colored persons—YES."

In connection with this we may also cite the answer of David Tod, the late Loco candidate for Governor in Ohio, interrogated by a Committee. The following question and answer will show how closely and intimately connected he stands with the Abolitionists!

"To your question, 'ought ALL the residents of the State (without distinction of color) to be allowed to participate in the benefits derived from the common school fund,' &c., I answer YES! DAVID TOD.

Here is a clear and unequivocal declaration in favor of *admitting blacks into the common schools along with the white children, for it makes no distinctions, advances no proviso!*

Radicalism in New York.

The Baltimore American states that at the great Locofoco Tammany Hall meeting which confirmed the nominations, MIKE WALSH's among the rest, of the Administration party in New York city, just before the late election, it was declared as a principle henceforth to be engrafted on the party code that the public lands should not be looked upon as a source of revenue, but be let to the actual cultivator in small quantities, free of price.

This proposition is likely to meet with acceptation, we are told, among the great mass of the party. The "progressives" have it all their own way now with the democracy.

The tendency towards radicalism is strong among both parties in the State of New York.

The Alexandria Gazette.

This old and respectable journal is always a welcome visiter at our table. Its gentlemanly editor combines all the requisites for making the Gazette a most acceptable Family Journal. Its editorials are spirited, and its home thrusts are sensibly felt by the Administration. Its selections are of a character that cannot fail to please, for, as "variety is the spice of life," it contains the pith of the editorials of those journals in favor of the ruling powers, and places alongside the antidote, either in an original or a paragraph from such standard journals as the National Intelligencer or Baltimore American. It is now a Virginia paper, and for the sake of its editor and the cause he so gallantly espouses, we trust it may receive that support which it so pre-eminently deserves.

THE "TOWER OF STRENGTH."—The New York Evening Post, a leading Locofoco paper, says—

"The name of Silas Wright is a tower of strength, and carries with it a power that is utterly irresistible."

What will the Post say now of the "irresistible" Silas, the great defeated?—The "Tower of Strength!"

CAUSE OF THE DUEL

Between Gen. Marshall and Col Peyton.

The correspondent of the Baltimore Patriot furnishes us with the cause of the duel which was spoken of, about to take place, between Gen. Marshall and Col. Balie Peyton. It appears that at a feast at Monterey, in honor of our arms, Marshall, whose opposition to General Taylor was very great, embraced the occasion to speak in disrespectful terms of Old Rough and Ready, denouncing the terms of capitulation granted to Ampudia, &c., whereupon Peyton struck the Brigadier in the face and called on him to select his friend if he desired to resent the insult. A challenge was passed and accepted, and the fight was to take place at Camargo the 12th of October.

It is said that Col. McClung, who is the cousin of General Marshall, and who was severely wounded, hearing of the affair, sent word to Marshall that after the latter had finished with Peyton, if he would wait until he (McClung) could recover, he would give him a turn himself for his abuse of General Taylor.

P. S. We are gratified to be able to state that the duels, which were on the tapis at Camargo, between Col. Balie Peyton and Gen. Marshall, and also between Capt. Musson, of N. O. and Capt. Chevess, of the Texas Volunteers, have all been amicably arranged.

Pipe-Laying of the Locofocos.—Alderman Benson of the Third Ward, and Justice Merritt, accompanied by a police officer at 3 o'clock on Tuesday morning arrested, at No 7 Howard street, thirteen convicts from Blackwell's Island, who, according to their own confession, had been brought over to the city with instructions to vote in as many districts as possible during the day. They were accompanied by Francis McLaughlin one of the keepers of the Penitentiary, who was also arrested.—*New York Tribune.*

Critical Position of Sixty Blackwell's Island Convicts.—During Monday night, as a party of criminals, released on Parole of honor, to go to vote in the several election districts of this city, were crossing the river on a raft, the tide and wind bearing too heavy upon them, the raft drifted almost upon a reef of rocks in a Hurl Gate. The poor criminals, seeing their danger, began to cry for help, alarming the whole vicinity around by their cries; and had not Mr. Dunlap, the keeper of Hurl Gate House, come to their rescue, most of them, if not all, would have evilently perished. Alderman Benson, of the Third Ward, had many of them arrested at 7 Howard st. afterward.—*Ibid.*

CAUSE OF DEFEAT.

The Locofocos are already at work assigning causes for the defeat of their party in New York. First they ascribe it to the Anti Renters, and then we refer them to the organ of the Anti-Renters in Albany, who called on its party to support Silas Wright in preference to John Young, from whom "they had nothing to expect." Then, the Locos change their drift of "the cause of defeat," and say it can alone be attributable to the vile Abolitionists who are leagued with the Whigs. We then refer them to the fact that the Abolitionists had a candidate of their own for Governor, and further to the affiliation of the Locofoco candidate for Lieut. Governor with the Abolition party. The question was proposed to ADDISON GARDINER, the present Locofoco candidate for Lieutenant Governor of New York, a few years since, when he was a candidate for Senator:—

"Are you in favor of extending the Elective Franchise to the Colored Man the same as to the White?" "I answer YES!"

When thus cornered, they then urge the Native influence, but they are met with the fact of the Natives having a candidate in the person of Judge Edwards, who, in an Address a short time before the election belabored the Whig candidate with a right hearty good will. When thus hemmed in, the candid Loco is compelled to confess "well, then, some of the Democrats voted the Whig ticket."—This is the true state of the case. A change has come over the spirit of the dreams of some who once voted with the Locos, and they are now found in the Whig ranks.

Mr. Calhoun.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, in speaking of political movements in that city, says:

"The Calhoun men are mustering pretty strongly in this place, and they avow openly that their champion will not go into convention; and if unsuccessful in breaking it up or preventing its assembling, will run as an independent candidate of the South, and sweep South Carolina at any rate."

The Battle of Monterey.

It may be doubted, says an exchange, whether there is anything in military history which can bear a comparison with the achievements in the late attack upon Monterey. That an army of 4000 regulars, assisted by 2000 volunteers, should have the courage to attack 7000 regulars and 4000 volunteers in the open field, appears almost incredible. That they should have assailed them entrenched up to their necks, defended by works which of themselves were equal to an army of 30,000 men, seems to border on the marvellous.

As a very accomplished officer remarked: 'Search the annals of Europe. Examine all the sieges of enlrenched towns in Spain, or in any part of Europe. Take the attack on Saragossa itself, and you will find nothing superior to the affair at Monterey.'

The population of Monterey is about ten thousand, and the city is on the main travelling route from the Rio Grande to the city of Mexico.

LONG POTATOES.—The Lancaster (Pa) papers notice a potato grown in that county measuring two feet thres and a quarter inches in length! The Hagerstown Herald tells a still tougher story. It states that a potato has been grown in that county, measuring two feet nine inches!—Greely, of the N. Y. Tribune, must fork over *that* hat, which he obtained by his story of a man being blown over a two-story house and alighting unhurt!

REMAINS OF COL. CROSS.—The body of this officer, who was the first victim of the Mexican War, have been brought on and interred in Washington city. It will be recollected that Col. C. was killed by a Mexican bandit, whilst he had rather imprudently ventured beyond the confines of the American encampment. He is spoken of as being a man of extraordinary power, and his melancholy death is therefore so much the more to be deplored.

GEN. PAREDES.—It appears that Gen. Paredes, now a Mexican, exile, is on his way to England. It is stated that his object in visiting England, at this period, is to meet his brother, who is now residing there, and to invest some money in English funds.

SUPERIOR COURT.—The Fall Term of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, for Frederick County, will be commenced on Friday next the 13th instant.

HANDSOME DIVIDEND.—The Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Richmond, has declared a division of *eight and three-quarters per cent.*, for the last six months, being at the rate *of seventeen and a half per cent.* per annum.

EXPORT OF CHEESE.—The export of cheese to Great Britain last week were a million of pounds. The home market made the price two and a half cents, the English market makes it seven and a half cents, or two hundred per cent. advance. This is an improvement that will be appreciated by our farmers, and all correct thinking men.

GEN. WORTH, the hero of Monterey, was a merchant's clerk in Hudson, on the North river 35 years ago. He entered the army as a private, at the opening of the war of 1812—distinguished himself at Lundy's Lane, where he was wounded, and at the suggestion of Gen. Scott, promoted. He won honor in the Florida war, and he crowned himself with glory at Monterey.

The long bridge over the Potomac at Washington was injured by the late freshet to the extent of about 150 feet carried away. It is impassible. A breach was also made in the Washington Canal.

SKILL IN DENTISTRY.

We have just examined a complete set of 32 teeth, fitted upon gold, and to be held to their place by spiral springs and by atmospheric pressure. They are of fine proportions, and of a color and shape so natural, that the most acute observer would scarcely declare them artificial.—We notice in them a most decided improvement in the dental art, and a new evidence that perfection in this line requires possession of not merely great mechanical skill, but of scientific knowledge of a high grade.

The set we refer to, were prepared by Dr. WILLIAM A. MCCORMICK of Winchester—a gentleman eminently skillful in his profession, yet modest in his pretensions, and above all indirect methods of building up a reputation. Were we in need of a set of teeth, and thus fitted off, no money could induce us to forego their pleasure and advantage. With such a specimen before the public, the Doctor will hereafter find but little leisure upon his hands.

BANK of the VALLEY,

Its Resources and Financial Condition.

State of the Bank of the Valley, in Virginia including its offices of Discount and Deposite, October 1st, 1846:

Specie,		$259,897 57
Notes of other Banks,		99,909 46
Due from other Banks,		164,425 92
Notes discounted,		1,606,608 27
Inland bills discounted,		152,432 76
Bond account,		18,607 32
Stock purchased to secure a debt,		25,000 00
Real Estate,		50,366 62
Bad debts,	$8,549 49	
Doubtful debts	15,033 30	
		$2,367,247 92
Capital Stock,		$1,079,000 00
Notes in circulation,		919,653 50
Due to other Banks,		21,946 34
Discount,		23,760 35
Contingent fund,		57,618 20
Deposit money,		256,865 76
In transitu between Bank and Branches,		3,903 77
		$2,367,247 92

ODD FELLOWS PROCESSION.

Loudoun Lodge, I. O. O. F., intend having a Processsion and other ceremonies on the 21st November. P. G. M. Yorke Atlee, of Washington, is to deliver the oration. Neighboring Lodges are invited to be present, and a cordial welcome is extended.

☞Maclay of New York, and Wilmot of Pennsylvania, are the only persons from their respective States who voted for the "British Tariff Act" that have been returned.

☞The trial in Frederick, in which ex-Gov. Francis Thomas made a charge against Dr. Tyler of that city, in connection with his family difficulties, has resulted in the full acquittal of Dr. T.

EXTENSIVE MAIL ROBBERY.—It has been known in St. Louis for some days that an extensive robbery had been committed, but it was deemed expedient to keep the matter quiet for a time. Such necessity no longer exists, and we may, therefore, state, that the mail robbed was made up here on the 1st of this month, (October,) for all the eastern cities. It has been ascertained that the mail for New York never reached its destination, and it is supposed that this was the fate of the others. The extent of the robbery is not known, but we understand that L. A. Benoist & Co. mailed on that day, to New York, from $1,300 to $1,400 in bank notes, and $5,000 in drafts; J. J. Anderson & Co. $800 to Pittsburgh, and $300 to New York, all in blank notes; Presbury & Co. $600 in bank notes to New York; and other brokers, it is believed made remittances. The presumption is, that the robbery was committed this side of Wheeling, for had the mail reached there, the Pittsburgh letters would have gone safe to their destination. No information has yet, so far as we can learn, been obtained by which to trace the robbery to any particular point or individual.

ROBBERY IN WASHINGTON, D. C.—The National Intelligencer mentions the arrest of a mulatto man in that city, named David W. Dixon, in whose possession was found stolen goods, belonging to various citizens, to the amount of $1000 worth. The prisoner was committed to jail.

Judge DANIEL B. TALLMADGE, of New York, formerly of the Superior Court, and brother of Hon. N. P. Tallmadge, died in Richmond, Virginia, on Thursday last, while on a visit to his brother-in-law. Judge T. has for many years filled a prominent position in our State and city, and leaves many to mourn his loss. He was about 60 years of age.—*Tribune.*

EARTHQUAKE.—At Trinidad, on the 7th of Sept., a severe shock of an earthquake was felt, while people were at church. The shock was sufficiently severe to set Trinity church bells ringing. But few houses in Frederick, and other streets in the lower part of the town, have escaped without a crack or two.—A second shock was felt on the 10th of Sept.

A little daughter of Mr. David Beall, of Alleghany County, Md., was burned to death a few day ago by her dress taking fire.

THE LAST LEAF FALLEN.—We doubt whether we now have a solitary Revolutionary soldier left in the County of Frederick—a county somewhat prolific of noble and daring spirits in the days of peril. Mr. JOHN GRIM, the last of whom we have any knowledge, died on Saturday last, at the extraordinary age of *ninety-four!* He had served in one of the Virginia regiments, and not only escaped the dangers of war, but withstood the ravages of Time, until he had become the last of his race in this quarter!

[*Winchester Rep.*

LEWIS C. LEVIN, of Philadelphia, is the sole representative of the Native American party elected to the next Congress.

☞It is expected that Girard College will be opened in the spring, in conformity with the will of the testator.

The "Cumberland Civilian" has passed into the hands A. CARY, Esq., formerly of Virginia. It will continue to advocate Whig men and measures.

☞The trial of Gov. Thomas has been again postponed by Judge Morsel of the Circuit Court, Washington City.

Internal Improvement Convention.

A Convention of Delegates from Albemarle, Augusta, Bath, Greenbrier, Hanover, Louisa, Rockbridge and the city of Richmond, was held in Staunton, on Friday the 30th ult., to consider the subject of the extension of the Louisa Railroad, and also in reference to the extension of the James River Canal.

Dr. John Brockenbrough of Bath, presided. A. H. H. Stuart, of Augusta, 1st V. P., T. J. Randolph of Albemarle, 2d V. P.; and Charles J. Francisco and Kenton Harper, Secretaries.

Among other resolutions passed by the Convention, were the following:

Resolved, That this Convention recommend the immediate extension of the Louisa Rail Road to some point at or near the Eastern base of the Blue Ridge, and that in the selection of that point, particular reference be had, not only to the facility and economy of approaching the mountain, but also, of crossing it, and ultimately extending the road to Covington, or some point in the neighborhood of that place.

Resolved, That, in the opinion of this Convention, the plighted faith and best interests of the State, are alike involved in the immediate prosecution of the James River Canal to the town of Buchanan, and that the Legislature of Virginia ought, at its next session, to make provision by law for that object.

☞The "Spirit of Jefferson" throws out the suggestion of putting up a Town Clock in the Cupola of the Court-house. It is well worthy of serious thought, and we hope that the subject may be successfully agitated.

A POWERFUL PRESS.—A press maker in Philadelphia, is building a printing machine entirely on a new plan, which will strike off from twelve to fifteen thousand impressions per hour.

☞Elie Clagett, Esq, has been elected President of the Commercial and Farmers' Bank of Baltimore, vice Jacob Albert, Esq., resigned.

CONNECTICUT.—The Whig Convention of this State have nominated Judge Bissel for Governor, and C. J. McCurdy for Lieutenant Governor.

☞The water was so high between the great Cacapon and Hancock, on Tuesday week, as to cover the B. & O. Rail Road some three or four feet, by which the fire in the engine was completely extinguished. This accounts for the bad time made on this road last week.

SALES OF FLOUR.—We learn from the Baltimore American that the sales of Flour in that city, last week, amounted to about 25,000 barrels of Flour of Howard street, City Mills and Susquehanna brands all of which is to go out of the market. The transactions in Grain of all sorts have been large.

The sales of Coffee, have also been extensive—the aggregate transactions comprising full ten *thousand bags.*

THE CANAL.—It is now fully ascertained says the Georgetown Advocate, that the damage to the Canal by the freshet, is far less than supposed, and will be made all right by the 15th instant.

THE ELECTION IN FLORIDA.—The Richmond Enquirer is trying to make out that the election of Cabell, to Congress, is not altogether a Whig triumph. In a private letter to a gentleman in Richmond, Mr. Cabell says; "I conducted the canvass on purely national issues. *I was ultra Whig.* I was resolved to be elected as a whig—drew party lines—advocated the measures of the whig party—and now the *State is Whig.*"

Gen. Lewis, the Sheriff of the Parish, has appointed Maj Watson the father of the lamented, Col. Watson who fell at Monterey, one of the deputies.

[*N. O. Picayune.*

THE SCHOOL QUOTA.—The following apportionment has been made of the School Fund, for the education of the poor, under the old law, for the year 1847, viz:

Berkeley $827 57; Clarke $270 85; Frederick $1,050 42; Hampshire $1,011 11; Jefferson $880 76; Morgan $388 56; Page $490 96; Warren $363 81.—The whole appropriation for this purpose is $70,000—an amount sufficient, under a better arrangement, to confer the blessings of education upon many who can now never receive it.—*Spirit of Jef.*

PROSPECTS OF ALEXANDRIA.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Virginia to the editor of the Alexandria Gazette:

"I hope you may realize all you hope for, by the retrocession of Alexandria to Virginia. I do not believe that our legislature will ever grant the right of way to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Parkersburg, and I feel equally confident that the Company will never accept the Wheeling route. This being the case, I should be pleased to see a scheme started for a Railroad from *Alexandria* to the Ohio River. I believe it entirely practicable, and sure of a vote large enough to carry it triumphantly through the Legislature. The Valley and Western Virginia and especially North Western Virginia, would give it a strong vote, and certainly from your own section of the state a commanding vote might be obtained.—Would it not be a great movement for Alexandria, calculated to build up around you a large, populous and prosperous city, rivalling in its trade the city of Baltimore? Surely, your shipping harbor, and other natural advantages, are superior to those of Baltimore, and such a road, once opened, would cause any amount of capital to flow to your city. *Manufactures* ought to prosper and flourish, around and about you. I have often thought that a connection of Alexandria with the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road, would have been of even greater importance to her prosperity than her Canal, and would have cost far less money. But the past cannot be recalled. Look to the present, and *act for the future!* That Alexandria may become a large, prosperous and enterprising city, is my most fervent desire."

A Pardon from Gov. Smith.

It is said that Gov. SMITH, of Virginia, has pardoned Warder, who was recently convicted of manslaughter, for the killing of Smallwood, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Attempts are making to fortify the city of Mexico, and a large sum of money has been raised for this purpose. It is not as susceptible of a strong defence as Monterey.

THE CONVENTION QUESTION.

A "Reform Convention" is to be held at Staunton on the 2d of December, and several Counties of the West have already appointed delegates. Occasional references are made to a disposition on the part of the West to divide the State, in case certain 'reforms' are not granted.

We deem it our duty to say at once, that no such idle visions need be indulged in—no such ridiculous threats need be urged. The people of this portion of the Valley of Virginia will give no countenance whatever to any such absurdity. They understand their own interests and the general welfare of the Commonwealth too clearly, to give the slightest encouragement to any such folly. We say this emphatically, because we feel authorized in thus speaking in behalf of the people of this region. A majority of them may possibly be in favor of some alterations in the Constitution, but they are neither phrenzied on the subject, nor in a mood to give countenance to any scheme that squints at either Dorrism or Division.

They can conceive of no possible catalogue of grievances, under the present system, to get rid of which would drive them to the alternative of breaking up the Old Commonwealth, or impairing her integrity in the slightest degree. And besides, let the question be tried when it may, *this district* will not be found running wild with any one of the radical or ultra measures which many of the Agitators seem to have in view. Our people go for regulated freedom—that sort which is conservative and rational—and they scout all disorganizing doctrines, no matter under what specious garb they may be presented.

We will not even join in deliberation with those who hint at a division of the State. If they wish to go, they must go without us.

[*Winchester Republican.*

THE POTATO.

We perceive a communication in the National Intelligencer, under the signature of W. D. Porter, U. S. N., on the subject of resuscitating and reviving the Potato to its original quality. The writer says: Select a piece of ground not very rich, and stir it up with the *cultivator*, sow your potatoes broadcast and cover them slightly; pay no further attention to them until maturity; the potatoes produced will be very small, hard, and of a greenish color; *these are seed potatoes;* the next year plant and cultivate these as usual, and you will have a fine potato.—This is the only plan which will bring back the plant to its usual quality, without obtaining the original plant, as the potato is a native of Chili and Peru.—Guano is one of the best manures for it.

Arrival of the Brittania.

16 DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Steamer Great Britain still aground—Famine and disease in Ireland—Marriage of the Queen of Spain—Advance in Flour, Grain, Cotton, &c.

[*Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.*]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8, 3 o'clock, P. M.

The steamer Britania arrived at Boston on Saturday morning, but the telegraph wires between Boston and New York were immediately cut by some of the speculators, time only being allowed to announce the fact of her arrival. She brings dates to the 10th ult. from Liverpool, sixteen days later than those brought by the Caledonia.

The steamer Great Britain was still in the same position that the Caledonia left her, and will probably be a total loss.—She had twelve feet of water in her hold at the latest dates.

The intelligence from Ireland is of the most melancholy character. Notwithstanding the assistance rendered by Government in relieving the wants of the people, the famine was increasing in all parts of the country. A malignant disease had also broken out in some portions of the kingdom which was greatly adding to the wretchedness of the people.

The Cambria arrived out with our Minister, Mr. Bancroft, who would at once enter on his duties.

The marriage of the Queen of Spain and her sister have been consummated without any serious effects, if we except the protest by England and one or two other European powers. The *intente cordiale* between France and England is broken; France joins Spain for the conquest of the Spanish Americas.

The money market was greatly depressed. There was strong anticipations that a heavy shipment of bullion to this country would take place, on account of the great demand for breadstuffs for the want of the people.

Flour was a brisk demand at an advance of one shilling per barrel over the quotations by the last steamer.

The price of grain was also rapidly advancing in all European ports.

The advance in cotton was about one farthing over the previous rates.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9, 8 P. M.

The flour market has been unsettled all day. Prices have advanced to $6, but buyers have refused to operate at that price, and there has consequently been no sales. Offers of $5 75 have been freely made, but firmly refused. About 1000 barrels sold on Saturday evening at the latter. Grain has also advanced in proportion to the advance in flour, but I have heard of no sales. F.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Transmitted for the Baltimore American.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9, 8½ P. M.

The flour market to day has been unsettled, and prices have advanced to six dollars, but we hear of no sales. Offers to purchase at $5 75 were refused. At that rate 1000 bbls. were sold on Saturday afternoon. Grain has also advanced, but we have no sales to report.

Correspondence of the National Intelligencer.

BALTIMORE, NOVEMBER 3—5 P. M.

The effect of the advices has not yet been fully ascertained. Holders of flour have advanced their asking rates to $6 per barrel. In the absence, however, of further intelligence from New York, buyers are not in the market at the above figures.—The impression at present prevails that the average advance over rates on Friday and Saturday, which were at $5 50, will be from 25 to 37½ cents per barrel. The stock of flour now on hand is comparatively small.

Grain is also advanced. There were sales this morning of 3,000 bushels prime Pennsylvania red wheat at 130 cents. White wheat is held at 130 to 135 cents, suitable for family flour. Holders of corn are asking high prices—some five cents above the rates of Saturday; but there is very little [illegible] we are not advised of any sales.

Harpers Ferry
National Historical Park
Microfilm Collection

COMMODORE DECATUR'S TOAST.

From the Norfolk Herald.

Seeing in a Philadelphia paper, in connexion with a description of the ceremonies at his reinterment, a toast ascribed to Commodore DECATUR different from the words in which it was given, it may not be impertinent to state that the toast was drunk at a dinner given to the Commodore by the citizens of Norfolk in April, 1816, on his return from the Mediterranean, after "conquering peace" with Algiers, and was in these words, as printed in the Herald of April 5, 1816:

"By Commodore DECATUR: *Our Country*—In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; and always successful, *right or wrong.*"

☞ In the New York Yankee Doodle [a paper after the manner of the London Punch, and which in somethings is better, and in others not so good as its London contemporary,] has in its last number, among other excellent *jeux d' esprit*, the following

STRAYED OR STOLEN, from the premises of the subscriber, on or about the 13th of October last, a likely apprentice named *Pennsylvania*. Had on at the time of the departure, a complete drab suit of clothes, somewhat the worse of wear. There were also in his pockets sundry promises to pay, mostly due in England, of no possible use even to the owner. A reward of 80 per cent. in coal and iron will be paid for the return of the delinquent, before April next.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

THE WOUNDED.—Among those wounded in the late bloody siege of Monterey, we notice the names of JOSEPH FILES, who lost an arm, and EDWARD W. STEPHENSON, struck in the breast by a spent ball. Both of these young men will be remembered by the citizens of Winchester. The latter we knew from his infancy—an excellent and worthy youth.

[*Winchester Rep.*

THE MARKETS.

Office of the Baltimore American,
Nov. 9, 5, P. M.

CATTLE.—Prices ranged from $1,50 to $2,75 per 100 lbs. on the hoof, equal to $3a$5,25 net, and averaging about $2,20.

HOGS.—Sales to-day were at $4,12½a$4,25.

FLOUR.—Several small parcels of Howard street Flour were sold on Saturday at $5,50.—The steamer's news, published this morning, has brought the market completely to a stand. It is considered favorable, and holders are looking for higher prices, but no sales have been effected, there being a general disposition to await until the effect on the Eastern markets is more fully developed. The receipt price from cars is unsettled.

We hear of no transactions in City Mills Flour since the news. Some holders ask $6, and others are willing to sell at $5,75.

GRAIN.—Two or three parcels of prime Md. red Wheat were sold at 120 cts., but that price could not afterwards be realized. There was a good supply of Penna. reds, and sales of 5,000 bushels were made at 120 cts. A sale was afterwards made of 1600 bushels at 118½ cts. and a lot of 1000 bushels at 117 cts.; other parcels are held at 117 cts. without finding purchasers.

There was no Corn offering to-day, and we are unable to name a quotation. For a lot of Penna. yellow, 70 cents was refused.

The last sales of Oats were at 28 cents—none in market to-day.

MARRIED.

In Louisville, Ky., on Thursday the 27th ult., by the Rev. W. L. Breckenridge, Mr. C. GODFREY WINTERSMITH, of the firm of Wintersmith & Co., of Elizabethtown, Kentucky, to Miss ELIZA, daughter of the late David C. Swan, Esq. of Louisville, Ky.

On the 3d inst. by the Rev. Mr. Shrigley, WM. ANDERSON, of the firm of Anderson, Wait & Co., Baltimore, to Miss SARAH HALL, of Bladensburg, Prince George's county, Md.

On Tuesday evening the 3d instant, by the Rev. Jno. J. Simon, Mr. PETER BOWERS, of Berkeley county, to Miss HARRIET, daughter of Mr. John Gruber, Sen., of this county.

On Thursday morning, 5th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Wilmer, JOHN BYRD NORRIS, Esq., of Rosemont, Clarke county, Va., to Miss ALICE, daughter of W. Latimer, Esq., of Baltimore.

On Saturday last, by the Rev. Mr. Lemon, Mr. JACOB BAGERT to Miss ANN MCCAY, of Harper's Ferry.

On Sunday last, by the Rev. N. Head, Mr. RICHARD RUSSELL to Miss SUSAN C. WATERS, daughter of Levi Waters, of Loudoun County.

On Sunday last, by the Rev. Mr. Plunkett, Mr. JAMES O'CONNER to Miss MARY E. STORM, daughter of the late Mr. John Storm—both of Harper's Ferry.

On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. N. Head, Mr. ANDREW JACKSON WRIGHT to Miss OLIVE VIRGINIA GARRETT, daughter of Mr. Johnson Garrett, all of Harper's Ferry.

On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. N. Head, Mr. ROBERT N. DUKE to Miss ANN NEWTON MOLER, daughter of the late Mr. Levi Moler—all of this county.

On Wednesday evening week, by the Rev. A. H. H. Boyd, Mr. JOHN W. BEEMER to Miss EMILY J. SIGAFOOSE, daughter of Mr. Wm. Sigafoose all of Winchester.

On Thursday evening the 28th ult. by Rev. J. Jones Smyth, Mr. JOSEPH H. DAVIS to Miss MARY HAYMAKER—all of Winchester.

In Lynchburg, Va., on Thursday evening the 29th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Kinckle, RICHARD H. TOTEN, Esq., one of the Editors of the Richmond Whig, to Miss FRANCES, daughter of the late Dr. Wm. H. B. Christian, of the former place.

On the 28th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Harkey, Mr. THOMAS HALLER, of the Frederick (Md.) Examiner, to Miss CAROLINE E., youngest daughter of John Fessler, Esq., of Frederick city, Md.

DIED.

In Smithfield, on Sunday the 1st instant, Miss MARY ADELLA FAULKNER, in the 16th year of her age.

On the 28th ult., near Shepherdstown, Miss ANN M. TOUT, aged 59 years, after a lingering illness. The deceased was a most worthy and exemplary member of the Episcopal Church, for some years, and died in the full assurance of a blessed immortality. Her sufferings were of the most acute character, being afflicted with a cancer which made its way slowly and gradually, until it reached the heart, when the vital spark of life forsook its earthly tenement and returned to the Author of its existence. For the last year the deceased was deprived, from the nature of the disease, of repose upon her couch, and was compelled to seek all the rest she obtained, in a sitting posture, in which position she died.—The writer of this understands that she is the last of a large connection of this name, who resided in this county. J.

THE LATE MRS. KENNEDY.

We have already noticed, briefly, the lamented death of Mrs. SARAH P. KENNEDY, wife of Anthony Kennedy, Esq., of this County. The following affecting tribute is copied from the Richmond Whig:

Too often is the style of an Obituary but the studied phrase of Eulogy, and thus but little regard is paid to the memorials of the virtues of the dead. Still, it is sweet to cherish the memory of those who have gone, and to embalm in our hearts, their loveliness and virtue.

We gaze upon the forms of the youthful dead, taken in all the innocence of childhood, but the promise of the future, is all that they gave, and soon they are forgotten. We look upon the withered forms of the aged and infirm, and are consoled by the reflection, that they have gone to reap the reward of their usefulness in life. But when we see the rigid features of those, cut down in all the vigor of maturity, no balm seems left to soothe the

"Aching void
The world can never fill."

Mrs. Kennedy has left a lovely family to mourn her loss, but the bitterness of their grief is soothed by the consolation that she has exchanged a life of suffering here, for one of happiness hereafter.

"The bosom of the Father and the God."

SALT.—50 sacks [illegible]
Oct 29.

Notices.

Wood! Wood!! Wood!!!

☞ We are entirely without Wood, and unless some of our friends supply us IMMEDIATELY, we shall be compelled to seek a home where people live without fire.

J. S. & H. N. GALLAHER.

Nov. 5, 1846.

☞ The Rt. Rev. WILLIAM MEADE, will be in Smithfield on Tuesday next, the 17th inst., when religious services may be expected. During the day, commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M. Similar services may also be expected in the Episcopal Church, Charlestown, on the two succeeding days, Wednesday and Thursday the 18th and 19th—also in Shepherdstown, on Saturday and Sunday, the 21st and 22d inst. The Bishop will be present at these several places, and the right of Confirmation will be administered to such as may be prepared for it.

Nov. 12, 1846.

By Divine permission, a Protracted Meeting will be held by the Rev. Mr. FRETCHER, at Elk Branch Church, commencing on Friday night, the 20th inst. Several other Ministers are expected to be in attendance.

Nov. 12, 1846.

The third Quarterly Meeting of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Harpers-Ferry, will take place on Saturday the 14th and 15th instant, under the direction of the Rev. John Smith, P. E. Other Ministers are expected to be in attendance.

Nov 5.

Cotillion Party.

MR. GAYLORD will give a Cotillion Party at Carter's Hotel on FRIDAY EVENING the 20th inst. Mr. G. respectfully invites his friends generally to attend on the above occasion.

Nov 12, 1846.

JAMES WARDEN] [L. B. BECKWITH.

WARDEN & BECKWITH,

Commission Merchants,

AND

Dealers in General Produce.

No. 22 Commerce Street, one door from Pratt,

WILL attend to the sale of Flour, Grain, Produce and Stock, and will promptly execute any orders sent to them. They respectfully invite consignments from the Farmers and Millers of the Valley.

REFERENCES:

Hopkins, Bro & Co., James George, Gwynn & Co., } Baltimore.
Thos. H. & W. B. Willis, Jno. R. Flagg, A. C. Timberlake, } Charlestown.
Geo. H. Beckwith & Co. } Middleway, Va.
Lewis Fry & Co. } Berkeley county.

Baltimore, Nov 12, 1846—3m.

☞ We are prepared to make the usual advances on all produce forwarded.

CHEAP CASH STORE.

To the Families of Charlestown.

ON hand and for sale, at the lowest prices, the following fresh and superior Groceries, &c.

Super Java, Laguyra, Rio and white coffee,
New Orleans and Porto Rico Sugars,
Loaf, lump and crushed sugar,
Very superior Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson and Black Teas,
Super Sugar-house, and Porto Rico Molasses,
Chocolate, rice, cheese and crackers,
Pepper, ginger, slispice, cloves and nutmegs,
Mace, saltpetre, starch, saleratus,
White barr, Castile, rosin and country soap,
Mould, dipt, sperm and adamantine candles,
With all the other articles in the Grocery line. Also,
600 lbs. prime country cured Bacon,
Flour, Cornmeal, Potatoes, Salt, Mackarel, Cider Vinegar, Lard, Dried Apples & Peaches, Buckwheat Flour, Venison, with almost every thing a family may want—all of which will be offered at a very small advance, by

Nov 12. S H ALLEMONG, Agt.

Look this Way!

CHEAPEST Tobacco in town—
Tobacco worth 25 selling for 12½,
Do " 60 " " 25,
Most superior at 62½.
A lot of Extra Segars, said to be the best and cheapest in town,
Spanish Trimmings, Snuffs, &c. for sale by

Nov 12. S H ALLEMONG, Agt.

Home-made Clothing.

SACK Coats, Pants and Vests, a great variety, for sale very cheap, by

Nov 12. S H ALLEMONG, Agt.

Salt.

30 SACKS Coarse and Fine Salt, just received and for sale by

Nov 12. S H. ALLEMONG, Agt.

Overseers of the Poor.

A MEETING of the Board of Overseers of the Poor of Jefferson County, will be held at Sappington's Hotel, in Charlestown, on MONDAY the 30th day of the present month. Proposals for a Superintendant of the Poor in the Poor-house, for the ensuing year, commencing the 1st day of January next, will then be received: Said Superintendant will be required to furnish suitable houses for the accommodation of the poor, garden, firewood, and stoves, if required, rough food for a cow, servants to cook, wash, and nurse, &c.

At the same time and place, Proposals will be received from contractors to furnish 2500 pounds of Pork, 25 barrels Corn, together with the necessary quantity of beef, flour, salt, &c.

A punctual attendance of every member of the Board is required.

JOHN P. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Nov 12, 1846.

New Fall Goods.

THE subscriber has just returned from the Eastern Market with a cheap and well selected stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS, all of which was purchased for cash, and are now offered to the public at a very small advance for the money or to punctual customers. He solicits a call from his friends and the public. His stock is such that he is satisfied he can please all, both in price and quality.

Particulars given next week.

P. McBRIDE.

North Bolivar, Nov 12.

$2 REWARD.

LOST, on Wednesday evening the 7th of October last, between Harpers-Ferry and Charlestown, a Package containing a Hair Brush, Guard Chain, &c., directed to the address of Mrs. LOUISA WASHINGTON. The finder will please leave it either at the Post Office in Charlestown, or at the Free Press Office.

Nov 12, 1846.

Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold at Sheriff's Sale, for cash, at the residence of John Sharff, near Leetown, on Tuesday the 20th of October, the following property, to wit:

The Crop of Wheat in the Mow,
A quantity of Oats in the Stack.
Also—A quantity of Timothy Hay by the ton.

The above property will be sold to satisfy an execution in my hands from the office of the County Court of Jefferson, in favor of Thos. Buck, jr. against John Sharff.

BENJ. LUCAS, D. S.
Oct 6, 1846. *For J. Moler.*

Postponement.

The above sale is postponed until *Tuesday the 17th day of November, inst.*

Nov 12, 1846. B. LUCAS, *D. S.*

STOVES.

FOR sale, a PARLOR RADIATOR, and COOKING STOVE, by

JOHN H. MENTREE.

Shepherdstown, Nov 12, 1846.

COOK STOVE.—100 Pieces of the cheapest and richest prints ever offered in Charlestown, for sale. Enough to [illegible] one.

Oct 8. J. [illegible]

VALUABLE BOOKS.

Now is the time to add to your Library.

M. Thompson, Jr.,

WOULD inform the public in Jefferson and the adjoining counties, that he has the Agency of the State of Virginia, for the following works to which he would call their attention.

The American Review,

A WHIG JOURNAL.

IT having been determined to establish a Political and Literary Monthly Review, to be conducted in the city of New-York by GEO. H. COTTON, Esq., and devoted to the permanent maintenance of Whig principles and improvements of AMERICAN literature:

The undersigned, Whig members of the twenty-eighth Congress, from the several sections of the Union, in consideration of the great importance of such a work, do most cordially approve of the design, and urge it upon the Whigs of the Republic for their effective and unwavering support. We believe it to be most strongly demanded by the permanent interests of the country; and the appeal is made to those having these interests most at heart. And for the sake of perfect confidence in its political course, assurance is hereby given, that the continual assistance of leading men of the Whig Party has been secured, and that full trust is reposed in the views and abilities of the Editor.

Members of the Senate.—Willie P. Mangum, N. C., President of the Senate; George Evans, Maine; J. J. Crittenden, Kentucky; J. Macpherson Berrien, Georgia; James F. Simmons, Rhode Island; James Alfred Pearce, Maryland; Richard H. Bayard, Delaware; J. W. Huntington, Connecticut; Samuel S. Phelps, Vermont; Alexander Barrow, Louisiana; J. T. Morehead, Kentucky; W. C. Rives, Virginia; William Woodbridge, Michigan; Ephraim H. Foster, Tennessee; W. L. Dayton, New-Jersey; John Henderson, Mississippi.

Members of the House.—Garret Davis, Kentucky; Charles Hudson, Massachusetts; Geo. W. Summers, Virginia; Samuel T. Vinton, Ohio; John White, Kentucky; Daniel P. King, Massachusetts, K. Rayner, North Carolina; George B. Rodney, Delaware; S. C. Sample, Indiana; F. H. Morse, Maine; Milton Brown, Tennessee; Washington Hunt, New-York; H. Y. Cranston, Rhode Island; Charles M. Reed, Pennsylvania; John J. Hardin, Illinois.

Earnestly approving of the plan of such a national organ, long needed and of manifest importance, nearly the whole of the above gentlemen in connection with Daniel Webster, Rufus Choate, and others, have agreed to contribute for its Pages, from time to time, such communications as may be requisite to set forth and defend the doctrines held by the united Whig Party of the Union.

"Thus far we have no hesitation in saying, it has proved itself much the ablest, most high-toned and best monthly ever published in this country. It deserves a universal circulation, and cannot fail to be of excellent service in many important respects.

[*N. Y. Courier and Enquirer, September.*"

This is just the book for the Whigs to support; and they must do it. They must not rest till they place this excellent vindicator of their principles upon the surest foundation. Preserved and cherished as it should be, it will form a nucleus for future reunion and a future rally, upon principles, and upon measures, and upon men.—*N. Y. Express.*"

Every Whig who can raise *five dollars*, should become a subscriber to this Review. It is the only Whig Magazine in the country, and the Whig party owe it to themselves and their cause to see that it is nobly sustained. It deserved universal circulation.—*Mobile Advertiser.*

Of all our exchanges, we look forward to none with such high anticipations as the Whig Journal, and no other periodical comes so near realizing our expectations. * * * Its abilities cannot be questioned. * * * Its leading political article each month is worth double the price of subscription.—*Albany (Ga.) Courier.*

Some of the ablest writers in the country have contributed to the pages of this Review; the duties of the editorial department have been performed with ability, and the work is, in all respects, one that eminently deserves the favorable consideration and support of the public, and particularly of the Whig party.

[*Natchez Courier.*

Colton's Life and Times of Henry Clay.

THIS work consists of two volumes, 504 pages each, and is embellished with two Engravings. It has received the highest commendations from the press.

"It is certainly a most complete and valuable publication, and we doubt not will find its way into the possession of all who can purchase it. To the libraries of statesmen and politicians it will be a highly valuable acquisition."

[*Baltimore American.*

"Its style is terse and generally vigorous, and even in a literary point of view the work is well executed. But its principal claim upon the public attention springs from the history which it presents of Mr. CLAY, and of the great events of the stirring period in which he has borne so distinguished a part. It presents a much more full and complete collection of all the documents relating to these events, and will thus have a very marked value as a book of reference for the future."—*New York Courier and Enquirer.*

"This is the only full and complete memoir of the 'Life and Times' of Mr. CLAY that has been written, and as such it forms a valuable part of the history of the country during nearly the whole period of the existence of the republic, with which his name, character, and career, are identified."—*Newark Daily Advertiser.*

"Mr. COLTON has done his work—a great work—bravely and well. This is the first successful life of HENRY CLAY yet written. This describes the man, not as a politician, orator, statesman, alone, but as all—and that honestly, candidly, thoughtfully, and the darkest and deepest passages intelligibly and philosophically.—The chapters of his early life and personal character are beautiful, and the account of his political rise intensely interesting."

[*Hunt's Merchants' Magazine.*

"The work consists of two volumes octavo, 504 pages in each, and is embellished with two engravings. Its mechanical execution is in the best style of elegant literature.

The publisher would state that booksellers are furnished with this work at the subscription price only; and hence, all who subscribe when the agent makes his applications, will probably get the work cheaper than by purchasing from the booksellers.

A. S. BARNES & CO.,
PUBLISHERS."

NEW YORK, 1846.

Mansfield's Life of Scott.

THIS work will contain about 350 pages, will be printed on fine paper, and handsomely bound in muslin; and delivered to subscribers at one dollar a copy.

As testimony in respect to the character of the work, we subjoin the following—

From the Athenian, Athens county, Ohio.

We hope that the report that Mr. Mansfield is writing the Life of Scott is true. We regard Mr. Mansfield as not only one of the ablest writers and best scholars, but as a man possessing more of that general information, and an inclination to give facts as they exist, without the aid of fiction, than is usual in writers of the present day. Such a life could not emanate from a better source.

"A beautiful octavo volume, by a gentleman of Cincinnati, contains the above welcome history.—Among the many biographies of the eminent officers of the Army, we have found that of Gen. Scott did not occupy its proper place; but in the "authentic and unimpeachable history" of his eventful life now presented, that want is satisfied. The author seems to have covered every desirable or attainable point, and fortifies his narrative with such documents, as best illustrate and confirm the truth of what he has written."—*Phil. U. S. Gaz.*

"We have already alluded the Life of Gen. Scott by Edward D. Mansfield, Esq. It has just been received by Mr. Moore, 138, Chesnut-street, and is one of the most attractive publications of the day. It is embellished with several engravings, and possesses deep and thrilling interest. Many of the incidents are of the most stirring kind, and calculated to rouse and warm the heart of every American. This Life constitutes an important page in American history. Gen Scott has distinguished himself as a gallant officer and an unwavering patriot; and the American people will no doubt read this well-written narrative of his career with feelings of no ordinary satisfaction.—*Phil. Inquirer.*

PICTORAL HISTORY of the United States,

FROM the discovery by the Northmen in the tenth century to the present time, by John Frost, L. L. D., Professor of Belles Lettres in the Central High School, Philadelphia, embellished with 250 engravings from original drawings.

Napoleon and his Marshals,
By J. T. Headley, 2 vols., at $2 50

Recollections in Mexico,
By Waddy Thompson, at $1.

Travels in Mexico,
By A. M. Gilliam, late U. S. Consul to California.

Mr. T. has specimens of some other books with him, and he would be pleased to receive an order for any book, as he has entered into arrangements with some of the largest Booksellers and Publishers in Philadelphia, and can furnish books at short notice.

Charlestown, Nov 12, 1846—3t

Latest Fashions of Dress Making.

MISS MARIA HOOPER omitted in her Millinery notice, to call the attention of the Ladies to her Patterns for DRESS MAKING She now informs the Ladies that she is prepared to make Dresses in a style not surpassed any where, and of the very tip of the Fashion.

She also invites attention to her MILLINERY apartment.

Nov. 12, 1846.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

WILL be sold, at Sheriff's Sale, for cash, *on Saturday the 7th day of November inst*, in front of Thomas H. Towner's Law Office, in Shepherdstown, the following property, viz.

One eight-day Clock,
One small Breakfast Table,
One Book Case with Secretary,
1 Workstand, 1 large Chest,
1 Corner Cupboard, 1 Bedstead,
1 Washstand and Bowl, 7 Chairs,
1 Woodsaw and Horse,
A Sett of Garden Tools,
1 Sett of Sash, for Hot-bed, (12 pieces,)
1 Barrel Churn and Horse.

A Library,

Of which the following compose a part, viz—

Marshall's Life of Washington, 5 vols.,
Ferguson's Rome, 5 vols.,
Shakspeare, 7 vols.,
Addison's Works, 6 vols.,
Goldsmith's Works, 6 vols.,
Revised Code and Supplement,
Henning's Justice, &c. &c.
Also—Six Boxes and Contents.

The above property, belonging to David Snively, was seized to satisfy executions in my now in my hands against said Snively, in favor of B. T. Towner, use of Valley Bank and Thomas Hessey.

BENJ. LUCAS, D.
For John Moler, S J. C

Nov 5, 1846.

Postponement,

The sale of the above property is postponed till *Saturday next, the 14th instant.*

Nov. 12, 1846. B. LUCAS, *D. S.*

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, *on Friday the 20th day of November inst.*, at the late residence of Mrs. Jane Hendricks, near Shepherdstown, the following property, the estate of said decedent.

Two or three Cows,
Four Hogs,
35 bushels of Wheat,
25 bushels of Corn,
Household and Kitchen Furniture.

TERMS.—All sums of five dollars cash, and a credit of 6 months on all sums above that with bond and good security. The wheat and the corn will be sold for cash.

D G. HENKLE,
Sheriff Adm'r of Jane Hendricks' estate.

Nov 12, 1846.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, at public sale, *on Tuesday the 24th day of November instant*, at the residence of Miss Elizabeth Lafferty, near Shepherdstown, the following property, to wit:

One Horse,
Some first rate Milch Cows,
Fat and Stock Cattle,
Fat and Stock Hogs,
2 or 300 Bushels of Wheat,

Household & Kitchen FURNITURE.

Terms of Sale.—Six months credit will be given on all sums of $5 and upwards, the purchaser giving bond and approved security. All sums under $5, cash—the wheat and fat hogs will also be sold for cash. No property to be removed until the terms are complied with.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

WM. OSBOURN, *Committee.*

Nov 12, 1846.

NOTICE.

PERSONS having claims against Miss Elizabeth Lafferty are requested to present them to the subscriber for settlement. And those indebted to her by note or account, are also requested to make payment to the subscriber, at an early day, as it is important that her affairs be settled with as little delay as possible.

WM. OSBOURN, *Committee.*

Nov 12, 1846—3t

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Personal Property.

THE subscriber, intending to remove to the West, will offer at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at his residence near Ford's Ark Mill, on Bullskin, on FRIDAY the 27th NOVEMBER, instant, the following Personal Property, to wit—

6 head of Work Horses,
2 Colts, 13 head of Cattle,
20 head of Sheep,
20 head of Fat Hogs,
25 or 30 Stock Hogs and Brood Sows,
2 Farm Wagons and 1 Road do.,
2 Harrows, 1 Cart, Water Car,
6 setts of Wagon Gears,
Plough Gears, and other articles useful on a farm, unnecessary to particularize.

—ALSO—

Household and Kitchen FURNITURE,

Consisting in part of

Bureaus, 1 eight-day Clock,
Beds, Bedding, &c. &c.
Also—About 100 barrels of Corn at the heap,
Hay by the ton, &c. &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—On the Corn and Fat Hogs a credit of sixty days—on the balance of the property a credit until the 1st of August next, will be given, with bond and approved security, on all sums of $5 and upwards.

JOHN LOCK, Jr.

Nov 12, 1846.

NOTICE.

AN application will be made to the next Legislature of Virginia, for authority to construct a Turnpike Road from some point on the Snickers-Ferry Turnpike to the town of Charlestown, Jefferson county.

Oct 22, 1846.

GROCERIES—Brown, lump & loaf sugars, Coffee, Rio and Java, prime Molasses, Rice, extra good Tea, Black Tea, very good Cheese—for sale by *Gibson & Harris.*

Oct 29.

DANCING.

THE subscriber will re-open his DANCING SCHOOL for the Winter Season, at Carter's Hotel, on FRIDAY the 13th instant.

Ladies and Gentlemen desirous of being taught the polite art of Dancing and Waltzing, will please make early application.

To those who have patronized him so liberally he returns his thanks.

Oct 29, 1846 HENRY GAYLORD.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the next Legislature of the State of Virginia, for a *CHARTER* to make a Railroad from Little's Falls, on the Shenandoah River, in the county of Jefferson, to intersect the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, at or near the Old Furnace, with the condition to stop at, or intersect the Winchester & Potomac Railroad, at or near Keyes' Switch; *Provided*, That Company can give satisfactory assurance that all freight for either the downward or upward trade, shall be promptly taken off, or delivered, as the case may be.

Nov 5, 1846.

Woodstock Sentinel insert 3t.

Wanted,

A CARPENTER will hear of a good situation, by applying to the subscriber, living near Hillsborough, Loudoun county, Virginia. A man with a small family would be preferred.

GEORGE BACKHOUSE.

Nov 5, 1846—tf

Negro Boy for Sale.

THE advertiser has for sale a likely Negro Boy, about 18 years of age, who will be disposed of at a fair price to a good master.—The Boy is sold for no fault, but because the owner has no use for him and prefers to get for him a good permanent home, rather than to hire him out. The purchaser will be expected to enter into a covenant that the negro is for his own use, and that he shall not be sold out of the county within two years, without sufficient cause. Enquire at this office.

Oct. 29 1846.—3t*

Pay up your Taxes!

THE Taxes for the year 1846, are now due, and it is earnestly desired that those indebted will promptly discharge the claims against them.

☞ I will attend at my office in Charlestown, on every Friday.

JOHN W. MOORE, *D. S.*
Sept 17, 1846—tf. *For J. Moler*

Private Sale of Real Property.

THE subscriber having fully made up his mind not again to become a resident of Charlestown, is therefore desirous of disposing of his PROPERTY in said town, on very accommodating terms. The Property is well-known, he therefore deems a description unnecessary. JOSHUA L. DEAVER.

Oct 29, 1846.

Cash for Negroes.

THE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the *very highest cash prices.*

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Martinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usually at his residence in Charlestown.

All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to. WILLIAM CROW.

Charlestown, Nov 20, 1845—tf

NOTICE.

ORDERED, by the Board of Directors of the Harpers-Ferry & Shenandoah Manufacturing Company, that the subscribers to the Stock of said Company are requested to pay their instalments as follows: Two dollars per share on the third Friday in August inst.; three dollars per share on the third Friday in September next; four dollars per share on the third Friday in October next; four dollars per share on the third Friday in November next; and four dollars per share on the third Friday in December next, payable to Geo. Mauzy, Treasurer of the Company, personally, or at the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank of Frederick county, Maryland, or the Office of Discount and Deposite of the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, at Charlestown.

NOTE—To prevent mistakes, the Stockholders are requested to continue to pay at the places at which the first instalments are paid, unless a change of residence should make it necessary to do otherwise. JAMES GIDDINGS,

Aug. 6, 1846. *President.*

DOMESTIC GOODS—Brown, and bleached cottons, domestic flannels, fulled and plaid linseys, bed tick, apron check, Canton flannel. Also—Patent Welsh Flannel, white and red flannels, Whitney blankets, negro do, cradle do, &c.

Oct 29. MILLER & TATE.

PRINTS from 6¼ to 25;
Rich Canton Crape Scarfs.

Also—A full assortment of super kid slippers, Morocco walking shoes, blk and bronze gaiters, misses and children's shoes.

Oct 29. *Miller & Tate.*

Pure Extra & No. 1 White Lead.

2000 LBS. White Lead in Oil,

Oct 29. A YOUNG, Agt.

Shawls, Scarfs, &c.

TERKERRY Shawls; Wool do;
Long Silk and Cashmere Scarfs,
Ribbands, Artificial Flowers, &c. for sale by

Oct 29. *T. C. SIGAFOOSE.*

A LARGE stock of 4-4 Fulled and Plaid Linsey, in store and for sale by

Oct 29. *T C Sigafoose.*

Drugs and Medicines.

DRS. WRIGHT'S Peters', Brandreth's and other Pills, just received;

White Lead, Whiting, Copperas, Indigo, Nutmegs, Mace, Saltpetre, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Cloves, Termerick, Glue, Alcohol, Japan Varnish, Copal Varnish, Linseed Oil, Winter Sperm Oil, Fish Oil, Castor Oil, Nerve and Bone Liniment, Borax, Gum Arabic, Quinine, Blue Stone, Spirits of Turpentine, Bristish Oil, Litherage, Laudanum, Lamp Black, Rhubard, Opodeldoc, Ess. Lemon, Ess. Cinnamon, Ess. Peppermint, Starch, British Lustre, Monumental Soap, Toilet Soap, Court Plaster, Camphor, Cassia, Oil of Almonds, Oil of Lemons, Worm Killer, Paragoric, Cordial, Venitian Red, Spanish Brown, Crome Green, Crome Yellow, Ivory Black, &c., received and for sale by

S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

Oct. 29, 1846.

Dress Goods.

MERINO D'Ecosse, Gala Plaids,
French Ginghams, Manchester do
Mode col'd Alpacca,
Lyonese Cloth.

Just received and for sale at lowest prices.

Oct 29. *T. C. SIGAFOOSE.*

GIBSON & HARRIS,

HAVING received their FALL AND WINTER GOODS, are now prepared to supply their old friends and the public generally, with almost every kind of Goods usually kept in a Country Store. It is unnecessary to enumerate. They respectfully invite a call from all.

Oct. 29, 1846.

Flowers and Ribbons.

NEW boxes very nice Flowers, with very large stock of Bonnet Ribbons, of the newest styles out. *GIBSON & HARRIS.*

Oct 29.

Fashionable Hats & Caps.

LATEST style Beaver, Silk and Wool Hats, Gents and boys' cloth, glazed, fur and hair caps, for sale by CRANE & SADLER.

Oct 29.

PATENT Hair Cloth Caps—for sale by

Oct 29. *Crane & Sadler.*

Paper Blinds.

SOME beautiful patterns, window paper, thick and heavy, also wall paper.

Oct 29. WOODS & CO.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF

Merchandize, Furniture, &c.

AS Trustee, in a deed of Trust from Wm. N. McCoy, for the benefit of his creditors, the undersigned will proceed to sell, at public auction, in the store house and dwelling now occupied by said McCoy at Harpers-Ferry,

The Stock of Merchandize,

Yet remaining on hand. Also—All the

Household & Kitchen FURNITURE,

Conveyed in said Deed.

The Stock of Merchandize is well selected and consists for the most part of New Staple Goods.

The Furniture is also new, and of good quality, consisting of all the articles usually required in house keeping.

The sale will commence on SATURDAY the *14th day of this month*, (Nov.) 1846, and continue by regular adjournment, until the whole shall be disposed of.

TERMS.—All purchases at any one sale not exceeding ten dollars, cash. For all over that sum, a credit of three months will be given, the purchaser giving bond and good security.

ANDREW HUNTER, *Trustee*

Nov 5, 1846.

N. B. Persons indebted to the concern are notified that unless immediate payment be made, or their accounts closed by note, suits in all cases, according to the terms of the deed, must be commenced, without respect to persons.

Executors' Sale of a Valuable Farm

NEAR WINCHESTER, VA.

UNDER the authority of the will of the late Jas. G. Ficklin, dec'd, the undersigned, his executor and executrix, will expose at public auction, to the highest bidder, before the front door of the Court House in the town of Winchester, *on the 13th day of November next*, (being Court day,) a TRACT OF LAND, containing about 285 acres, (more or less,) and known as the

"Belleville Farm."

The location and general arrangement of this land will compare advantageously with that of any other in this section of country. It is within four miles of Winchester, where a ready market can be had for all its products. The land is also of the best *limestone* quality, and *well watered*; it has for several years past been in cultivation by a good farmer, and is in excellent order. The building, especially

Out Houses,

are new, or in good repair—there are several *never failing springs* of excellent water in the farm yard, and within twenty yards of the dwelling house. The soil is finely adapted to the growth of both Wheat and Corn.

Persons desirous of purchasing both a rich and well timbered farm, and a healthy location, (it being within one and a half miles of Jordan's *White Sulphur Springs*,) are requested to call and examine it. Any further information can be obtained by addressing the subscriber, J. F. Ficklin, Falmouth, Va

The terms of sale will be—One third cash; one third in 12 months; and one-third in 24 months from the day of sale, *without interest.* Bond and security will be required of the purchaser for the deferred payments; together with a deed of trust on the premises.

CATHARINE FICKLIN, Ex'x,
JOHN F. FICKLIN, Ex'or,
Of Jas. G. Ficklin, dec'd.

Winchester, Oct. 29, 1846.

SHENSTONE

AT

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a decree from the County Court of Jefferson, we, the subscribers, Commissioners appointed for that purpose, will expose at public auction, to the highest bidder, *on Tuesday the 1st day of December next*, that

Valuable Tract of Land,

Lying in Jefferson County, Virginia, belonging to the heirs of Harfield and Mary Timberlake, dec'd, supposed to contain

484 Acres,

84 acres of which are subject to the dower of Mrs. Mary Myers, an aged lady living in the State of Missouri.

This Tract of Land lies one mile north of Thompson's Depot, and the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road passes through near the centre of the farm, dividing it so as to make each field of proper size and form. There is a good proportion of this land in heavy timber. The improvements consist of a substantial and commodious

BRICK DWELLING,

A good new Barn, with stabling underneath, sufficient for 24 horses; a good corn house, ice house, meat house, kitchen, &c. two never-failing wells of water, one situated in the yard near the dwelling, and the other in one of the back fields. There are also

Two Orchards

OF

CHOICE FRUIT

in full bearing, and a good Garden, enclosed with palings, lying by the side of the yard.—This is Limestone Land, and the quality is considered inferior to no tract of the same size in the county, and is in a good state of cultivation. There is a family graveyard on the premises, of small dimensions, and walled, which will be reserved as property of the heirs.

The sale will take place on the premises at 12 o'clock, M., on the following terms, to wit: One-third of the purchase money in hand, the balance in three equal annual payments, with interest from the day of sale. Persons desirous of viewing the premises can call on either of the subscribers, at and near Middleway, Jefferson county, Va, or Wm. J. Maxwell, who resides thereon, either of whom will wait upon them.

RICHARD TIMBERLAKE,
HENRY TIMBERLAKE,
A. C. TIMBERLAKE,
Commissioners.

Middleway, Jefferson co., Va.,
Oct 29, 1846.

National Intelligencer, Hagerstown Torch Light and *Lancaster Tribune*, insert lawts and ch adys

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, *on Friday the 13th day of November*, at the late residence of John Boley, dec'd, near Thomson's Depot, Jefferson county, Virginia,

All of his Property,

Consisting of Work Horses,
Brood Mares and Colts,
Some first-rate Milch Cows,
Stock Cattle, Sheep, Fat & Stock Hogs,
Farming Utensils of every description;

Household & Kitchen FURNITURE.

5 or 6 hundred bushels of Wheat,
6 or 8 hundred bushels of Corn.

TERMS.—A credit of nine months will be given on all sums of five dollars and upwards, the purchaser giving bond and approved security; all under $5 cash. The grain and fat hogs will be sold for cash. No property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

BENJ. BOLEY, Jr., *Adm'r.*

O

THE FREE PRESS

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT

TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CENTS

PER ANNUM,

Payable half yearly; but Two Dollars will be taken in payment in full, if paid entirely in advance.

☞ Whenever payment is deferred beyond the expiration of the year, interest will be charged.

☞ Subscriptions for six months, $1 25, to be paid invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING.

The terms of advertising are, for a square or less $1, for three insertions—larger ones in the same proportion. Each continuance 25 cents per square. ☞ All advertisements not ordered for a specific time, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Mr. V. B. Palmer, American Newspaper and Advertising Agent in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and Boston, has been appointed Agent for receiving and forwarding subscriptions and advertisements for this paper, at his offices in those cities respectively, viz:

Baltimore, Southeast corner of Baltimore and Calvert Streets.
Philadelphia, No. 59, Pine Street.
New York, No. 30 Ann Street.
Boston, No. 14 State Street.

VARIETY.

Another Irishman—We do not recollect where or when we got hold of the following. During the engagements of the Constitution and Guerriere, an Irishman was employed in carrying the wounded below, where they were handed to the care of the surgeon. Pat had carried down several helpless fellows, and was again on deck, when a wounded sailor called to him, wishing to be carried below; and complying with the request, he lifted the wounded tar on his shoulder and started; but alas! poor Jack, a ball from the enemy's ship struck him and cut his head clear from his body. The motion of the vessel, and the noise caused by the battle, prevented the humane Irishman from feeling the shock that proved fatal to the sailor, and he proceeded on his way. On approaching the surgeon, he observed to Pat with surprise—'why have you brought this man here, don't you know he is dead?' 'Dead is he? he asked me to bring him here.'—'To be sure he is dead; don't you see his head is off!' 'Faith and so it is! Bad luck to his lying sowl—he told me 'twas his leg, with his own mouth!' and the astonished Irishman looked with indignation at the dead tar.

Who Dar?—The following is the best negro story of the season. Where it comes from, or how long it has been upon the earth, is more than we shall undertake to say, for we do not know:

Gumbo was a wicked negro, who had witnessed the ravages of the Cholera in 1832, with stoic indifference, but seeing his friends dropping off by dozens, in negro valley, Gumbo begun to have some fears of giving the kick himself, in pretty much the style he was wont to 'fro dat brickbat,' in a row—Gumbo then, for the first time, thought of praying, to use his own phrase, 'to de angel ob de Lord,' declaring that if he could be spared 'dis time,' he would be ready next year to be taken up, and 'lib foreber in Massa Abraham's bosom.' Some wags having access to an adjoining room, separated by a board partition, hearing him at his devotions, knocked.

'Who dar?'

'De angel ob de Lord.'

'What he want?'

'Want Gumbo.'

Blowing out his candle with a whew—'No such nigger heah. Dat nigger bin dead dis two three weeks—de fac.'

Disreputable—The New York Mirror says that four ladies on Wednesday were seen riding through the streets of Philadelphia in an open carriage, each with a segar in her mouth, puffing away with 'a generous abandon.'

Cautious.—'We learn by a man 'who was thar,' that a few days ago, in Berwick, Maine, a good honest looking country fellow was looking at the telegraphic wires there with astonishment.

A passer-by asked him what he thought of it.

'Well, I don't know, exactly,' replied the fellow, 'but I am sure they won't get me to ride on the darned thing, them wires and posts would tear my great coat tail off.'

An Exchange.—If a man were to say 'give me a dollar, and I will give you in return the headache, a black eye, a swearing tongue, a place in the gutter, or the watch house, and injure your good name,' would you do it? You would think that man a fool, or believe that he thought you one. Yet how many bestow their hard earned cash on the rumseller, and receive in retura a greater number of ills than we have enumerated.—*Columbian Fountain.*

To obtain refreshing and sound sleep—put a receipt for a printer's bill in your night cap. Positively infallible. The same remedy will remove the most villainous corns, if continued sufficiently long, and the amount be not less than twenty dollars.

A friend who has just returned from the camp on the Rio Grande, furnishes the following as the manner in which a Dutchman who was on sentry duty, proclaimed the hour. The usual cry is 'Half-past ten o'clock, and all's well.'—The Dutchman had forgotten the precise words, and sung out at the top of his voice—'More as den o'clock, and all Ish better as good.'

Borrowing Babies—All owners of interesting children may be amused by the following, from the Boston Daily American: A gentleman and lady of this city were blessed with a beautiful child of about a year old, which attracted so much attention from the neighbors, that the young ladies opposite frequently sent over to 'borrow the baby.' After being obliged to send for the baby several times, Mr ——, on coming home to dinner, got out of temper, on finding it gone, as usual. 'Here, Jane,' said he, 'go over to Miss——, and get the baby; give them my compliments, and tell them I wish they'd get a baby of their own, and not be obliged to borrow!'

A Wrong Letter.—A printer in setting up the sentence, 'we are but parts of a stupendous whole,' by the mistake of a letter made it read, 'we are but parts of a stupendous whale!'

Which is the most difficult of all punctuation? Ans. Putting a stop to a scolding woman's tongue.

Fashionable Tailoring.

THE subscriber has recently removed to Charlestown, for the purpose of carrying on the

Tailoring Business

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

His Shop is in the Corner Room of the old Valley Hotel, nearly opposite Mr. C. G. Stewart's Jewelry Store. He will at all times be prepared to execute work in the very best manner and on reasonable terms. Those wishing the most fashionable as well as durable work executed, are respectfully invited to give him a call.

The most ample arrangements have been made for the regular receipt of the *Fashions, from N York & Philadelphia.* Also, the changes that may take place in Baltimore.

The undersigned also takes this occasion to return to his former friends—whilst engaged in business in Smithfield—his most grateful acknowledgments for the liberal support extended towards him. He hopes he may still continue to receive a portion of their patronage, as well as that of the public's generally.

JOHN R. A. REDMAN.

Charlestown, Oct 22, 1846

N. B. Country Produce of all kinds will be taken in payment for work, at the market price.

BOOTS, SHOES & BROGANS.

Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c.

TWO PERSONS in want of the above goods I can offer great inducements. The stock of Boots & Shoes comprises more than ten thousand pairs of every quality and price of City and Northern manufacture, viz:

Gentlemen's Calf, Morocco, Kip, Seal, water proof and coarse Boots—Boys' youths' and children's Boots—

Men's Boys' youths' and children's shoes and heavy Brogans;

Ladies and Misses Shoes.

To the Ladies: I would call your special attention to my extensive and elegant assortment of Shoes, manufactured in Philadelphia to order, of newest styles, and best workmanship, viz: Morocco, kid, grained me., calf and seal walking shoes, do. spring and turn rounds, Gaiters and half gaiters,

Ladies Gum Shoes and Sandals,

All kinds of Misses Shoes, viz, kid, calf and seal walking shoes, and Bootees, Slippers and Springs.

Hats and Caps.

Fall and Winter styles of elegant Beaver, Moleskin, Russia, Silk, Cassimere, Pearl and common Fur Hats;

Caps—Cloth, Mohair, Fur, Silk, and Glazed of entire new styles.

TRUNKS & CARPET BAGS.

Black and Russet Leather Travelling Trunks, Hair Trunks and Carpet Bags,

Together with all kinds of goods usually kept in extensive Shoe Houses. These goods have been purchased on the most favorable terms, and you will have no trouble in making selections from the above stock as it is full and complete. I respectfully invite the citizens of Harpers-Ferry, Bolivar, and surrounding country to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere Store on Shenandoah Street, a few doors west of the Pay Office, opposite side.

A. S. STEPHENS.

Harpers-Ferry, Oct 29, 1846—4t—*Spirit copy.*

STEPHENS & WELLS,

MERCHANT TAILOR & READY-MADE

CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT

Corner of Potomac and Shenandoah Streets,

HARPERS-FERRY, VA.

THE undersigned take this method to make known to the citizens of Harpers-Ferry, and the public in general, that they have just returned from the Eastern markets with a New and Splendid assortment of Gentlemen's Fashionable Goods, which have been selected with great care, and comprise in fact the taste and fashion of the East. Amongst their stock may be found—

Cloths,

Of almost every shade, color and price, from 50 cents to $12 per yard, and all intermediate prices.

Cassimeres.

A large and splendid assortment from 37½c to $4 per yard, and intermediate prices.

Vestings.

A splendid assortment from 37½c to $6 per pattern, and intermediate prices.

Satlinets.

The cheapest and best in the county, from 37½ to 1,25 per yard, and intermediate prices.

Boots, Shoes and Hats.

A good assortment, which we will sell at reduced prices to suit the times;

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A large and general assortment, such as Over coats, Dress and Frock Coats, Coatees, and Sack Coats, Vests, Pants, Roundabouts, Shirts, fine and common, Drawers, Bosoms, Collars, Stocks, Cravats, Pocket Hdkfs, Suspenders, Gloves, and Socks, and in short a general variety of such articles as are generally found in a Gentleman's Furnishing Store.

We respectfully ask a call from the public, and we pledge ourselves to use every exertion in our power to give satisfaction.

We have also received the latest

French, English & American FASHIONS,

And are prepared to make up garments at the shortest notice, and in the most approved manner. Good fits warranted.

STEPHENS & WELLS.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept 24, 1846.

OYSTERS!

THE subscriber has made arrangements to be supplied Daily, with

Fresh Oysters,

Which he will serve up at his Rooms, a few doors below Sappington's Hotel, in any manner that may be desired—Fried, Stewed or Roasted.

Oysters will also be disposed of by the Can. Families wishing to be thus supplied will please give notice the day previous.

Give a call at my establishment, where a general variety is always kept to please the palate.

J. F. BLESSING.

Oct 22, 1846.

FRESH OYSTERS.

GEORGE B. MONROE, thankful for the liberal support extended towards him during the two last seasons, informs the citizens of Charlestown and neighborhood, that he has again opened his *OYSTER ROOM*, at the old stand, three doors East of the Court-house.—He will at all times keep on hand the best Oysters the Baltimore market can afford; which will be served up in a style to suit the taste of the most fastidious epicure. By giving him one day's notice, he will furnish Oysters by the Can to any who may prefer receiving them in this way.

He solicits a call from his old friends and as many new ones as possible, as it shall be his constant effort to render entire satisfaction.

Charlestown, Oct. 29, 1846.

JEFFERSON BOOT & SHOE FACTORY.

THE subscriber calls the attention of his customers and the public generally, to his large stock of COARSE BOOTS and SHOES for servants. Also, a variety of Gentlemen's fine and kip work.

An assortment of Ladies' Gaiters Kid Slippers, Morocco and Leather Walking Shoes;

A large assortment of Misses and Childrens' Gaiters, Boots, Shoes, &c.

Our prices will be made as low (and terms as good) for the same description of work, as can be had in the country. Give us a call.

JAMES McDANIEL, *Agent.*

Charlestown, Oct. 29, 1846.

CAPS, CAPS.—A most extensive supply of latest style Caps, for sale by

Oct 8 J J MILLER.

MILLINERY AND MANTUA MAKING.

MRS. EMMA GREEN has just returned from the East, with the *Latest Fashions for Bonnets & Dresses,* And respectfully invites the ladies of Harpers-Ferry and vicinity to give her a call. She pledges herself to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor her with their patronage. She can be found at the residence of Mr. John Kreppsren, ar the burnt church.

Harpes Ferry, Oct 29, 1846—3t*

NOTICE.

THE public are hereby warned not to purcha a note in the possession of George Jacobs, given by me for the sum of twenty dollars, dated Sept. 28th, 1858, as I have paid the full amount of said note some time since; and he now refuses to give it up.

JOHN SMALLWOOD.

Oct. 29, 1846—3.*

To Arms! To Arms!

ANOTHER BATTLE COMMENCING!!

HAVING just received a new supply of ammunition, in the shape of FALL & WINTER GOODS, I have determined to resume and continue the battle, as long as I have "a shot in the locker!" Therefore, all in want of bargains are respectfully invited to call at Jacob Nisswaner's Cheap Cash Store, in Harpers-Ferry, 3 doors from the corner of High street, opposite the United States Pay Office, and examine the elegant assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Confectionaries, Jewelry, and Fancy Goods, a part of which I enumerate:

100 pieces new style Calicoes, from 5 to 25 cts. per yard;

Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, from 5 to 12 cts. per yard;

Black brown and pink do.;

Check, ticking, Canton drill, &c.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Flannels, &c.

Hdkfs, Cambrics, Irish Linens, Shawls, Comforts, &c.,

A large and well selected stock of Boots and Shoes, very cheap;

A large assortment of Queensware, Glass, Stone, &c. very cheap;

A well selected asortment of Jewelry and Fancy Goods;

A number of Accordions, Musical Boxes, and Violins;

Candies, Nuts, Raisins and Figs; Black Pepper, Spice, Ginger and Cloves; Water, Soda, Sugar and Butter *Crackers*; Sugar, Coffee, and Molasses; Candles, Soap; Bacon, Lard, Dried Beef Rounds; Shad, Mackerel, and Herrings by the barrel or at retail.

Also—A large and general assortment of LIQUORS, all of which will be sold cheap.

☞ Without attempting to enumerate his extensive stock, he will merely extend an earnest invitation to purchasers to examine his stock, assuring them that he can and will sell at the very lowest prices, and will use every exertion to make it worth their while to give him a call.

JACOB NISSWANER.

Harpers-Ferry, Oct. 29, 1846.

ALEXANDRIA ACADEMY.

THE fall session of this Institution will commence, *November* 24, 1845. The Alexandria Academy has been heretofore opened for the admission of day Scholars only; arrangements have now been made for the accommodation of a *limited number of Boarders,* who will reside in the Family of the Principal and be under his constant supervision. The course of study embraces the Greek, Latin and French Languages; Orthography, Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Composition, Geography, Ancient and Modern History, Rhetoric, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Geology, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, by single and double entry; Algebra, Plane, Solid, Analytical and Descriptive Geometry, Application of Algebra to Geometry and to the doctrine of Curves, Mensuration, Method of calculating and using Logarithms, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Spherical Projections, Drawing, Theory and Practice of Surveying, Navigation, Conic Sections, Astronomy, including the calculations of Solar and Lunar Eclipses, Occultations, Transits, &c.

The principal is aided in the different departments by gentlemen of ability and experience and every possible effort is afforded the Students in the prosecution of their studies.

The Classics form a prominent part of the School exercises, and such means are adopted as will make the Student thorough as he progresses. In teaching the *Mathematics,* as well as the *Sciences,* the studies are conducted with constant reference to the applicability of their principles to the arts and to general business.

The Surveying Class is frequently exercised in Surveying and dividing Land, taking Heights and Distances, &c. &c. by which means they become fully competent to perform the duties of a Surveyor or to enter an Engineering Corps.

The Astronomical class have access to a large Telescope of high magnifying power, and on suitable evenings make observations on the Planets, Fixed Stars, and other celestial bodies.

In order that Parents and Guardians may at all times be advised of the literary standing of their sons and wards, the character of each day's recitations is registered, and a monthly report is forwarded to them by mail.

TERMS:—For *Board and Tuition* in the above enumerated branches, except French and Drawing, 150 dollars a year, each quarter payable in advance; the quarters to consist of 12 weeks; French and Drawing at Professor's prices.

References:—Edgar Snowden, Esq., Christ. Neale, Esq., Dr. John S. Reese, T. M. McCormick, &c., *Alexandria*; J. B. Mathews, Esq, Dr. J. H. Owings, *Howard District, Md.*; Rev R. H. Ball, *Baltimore, Md*; Rev. A. A. Lipscomb, *Montgomery, Ala.*

R. L. BROCKETT, *Principal.*

Alexandria, D. C., Nov 13—6mw—6msm.

New Fall & Winter Goods.

WE have now opened our supply of Seasonable Goods, to which we invite the attention of our friends and the public generally. The following comprise a part:

FANCY GOODS.

Rich Ombre sattin striped Cashmere,
" Figured French do do
" Rich Plaid do do
" Mouslins, striped silks,
Parisian Cloakings,
Mode col'd French Merinoes,
Do do Alpaccas
Black do do
Gala Plaids, Pekin do,
Patent Hair Cloth Skirts,
Palo Alto Plaids, rich Cashmere robes,
10-4 super Terkerie Shawls,
Black Thibet Shawls, French worked collars,
A large assortment emb'd inside hdkfs, from 62 to 2,50,
10 dozen linen cambric hdkfs from 12½c up,
Silk, Cashmere and Alpacca Hosiery,
Gloves and Mitts, black and col'd,
New Styles Ribbons.

Oct 22, 1846. MILLER & TATE.

Cloths, Cassimeres, & Vestings

SUPER Black French Cloths,
Fancy and wool-dyed do,
Overcoat do do,
Do suitable for business sacks,
French blk Cassimeres
Doe skins, Fancy do.

The newest and latest styles of Vestings:
Cashmere, rich col'd Velvets,
Fancy English and French Silk do,
Super Black Sattin do
Black Thibet do.

Oct 22. MILLER & TATE

FANCY Velvet Caps for children.

Oct 22. *Miller & Tate.*

FULLED and Plaid Linseys, Negro Blankets, and other heavy goods for negroes, or sale by WM R SEEVERS.

Oct 22.

BOOTS, Shoes, Hats and Caps, of all sorts and sizes. W R SEEVERS.

Oct 22.

Liquors.

FRENCH Brandies, Old Peach Brandy, Apple do., Old Jamaica Spirits, N. E. Rum, Whiskey, and Madeira and Port Wines, for sale by WM. R SEEVERS.

Oct 22.

JUST RETURNED.

THE undersigned have just returned from the Eastern Markets, with a large and fashionable supply of Fall and Winter Goods, to which they invite public attention. Their present purchase consists of

Black and Blue Cloths, Olive, Gold-mixtures and Crown, and West of England do.,
7-4 heavy English doe-skins do.,
Fancy Cassimeres, a great variety,
Black Cassimere, Pale Alto Twills,
Palo Alto Plaids, a great variety,
Twilled, plaid and plain Ginghams,
Cashmere and Wool Shawls,
2 dozen heavy Merino Shawls,
Mouseline de Lains, French Cashmeres,
Plaid and plain Cloakings,
French Ginghams, Green Braize,
Oil Calicoes, a great variety of patterns,
Bed and other Blankets, 3 d'o servants large do.,
Madras Cravats, Canton and other Flannels,
2 pieces Black Alpacca, Table Diaper,
Irish Linens, two pieces wide, Cotton Diaper,
Graduated Cashmere Robes,
Do Calico do silk fringe,
Ribbands, French Flowers, Neck Ties, &c. &c.

Oct 22. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

Something New for Overcoats.

JUST received several pieces of Twilled French Cloth, expressly for Overcoats, to which we call the particular attention of the gentlemen. CRANE & SADLER.

Oct 22.

Books, Books!

JUST received, a large addition of School and Miscellaneous Books, making one of the best stocks I have ever offered to the public. Among them some of the most elegantly bound works in this county. Also, all the cheap publications of the day. I would most politely invite *all* to an examination of them.

Oct 8. J J MILLER.

Handsome Shawls.

I AM now receiving and opening the largest, cheapest, and most beautiful assortment of Shawls I ever offered to the public—to which I invite the special and early attention of the Ladies. WM S LOCK.

Oct 8.

FALL GOODS.

Moulder & Cronise,

Shepherdstown,

HAVE just received direct from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, a very extensive assortment of new and beautiful goods, suitable for the season, which they are now prepared to offer at unparalleled low prices.—Possessing the ability to purchase in any market, their goods have been purchased very low, and selected with great care, and they are determined to sell them at such prices as will give perfect satisfaction to every purchaser.

Those persons who have already examined their new goods pronounce them unequalled for cheapness. They have good cassinets for 37½ to 75; cassimeres from 87 to 1,50; cloths 87 to $6; a very large and elegant assortment of calicoes from 4 to 18 3 4; Also, Cashmere d' Ecosse, Mouslines, Chusans, Silks, Rio Grande, Palo Alto, Matamoras and Gala Plaids, from 31 to 1,25, a new and beautiful article for Ladies apparel. Also, capes, collars, under sleeves, chimizettes, &c. Their assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's, and Boys' dress goods is now complete. They will keep constantly on hand an extensive assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Cedar, Stone and Tin do., Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Leather, Bacon, Fish, Salt, &c. &c.

Their terms being cash or produce, they are enabled thereby to sell at a smaller advance than other merchants; not having to make up on those who pay cash, the losses, by those who fail to meet their engagements. All we ask is an examination of our stock.

Shepherdstown, Oct 22, 1846.

J. Cronise & Son,

DUFFIELD'S DEPOT,

HAVE just received, direct from the New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore markets, a very extensive assortment of new and beautiful goods, suitable for the season, which they are now prepared to offer at unparalleled low prices. Possessing the ability to purchase in any market, their goods have been purchased low, and selected with great care, and they are determined to sell them at such prices as will give perfect satisfaction to every purchaser.

Those persons who have already examined their new goods pronounce them unequalled for cheapness. They have good Cassinetts for 37 to 75; cassimeres from 87 to 1,50; cloths 87 to 6 dolls.; a very large and elegant assortment of calicoes from 4 to 18; also, Cashmere d' Ecosse, Mouselines, Chusans, Silks, RioGrande, Palo Alto, Matamoras and Gala Plaids, from 31 to 1,25, a new and beautiful article for Ladies apparel; also, capes, collars, chemizetts, under sleeves, &c.

Their assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's and Boys' dress goods is now complete. They will keep constantly on hand, an extensive assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Cedar, Stone, and Tin do., Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Leather, Bacon, Fish, Salt, &c. &c.

Their terms being cash or produce, they are enabled thereby to sell at a smaller advance than other merchants; not having to make up or those who paycash, the losses, by those who fail to meet their engagements. All we ask is an examination of our stock.

Duffield's Depot, Oct 22, 1846.

J. Cronise & Son,

Duffield's Depot, B. & O. R. R.

WOULD respectfully give notice that by the 8th or 10th of October, they will receive from the New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets,

A large Assortment of Goods,

Suitable for the Fall and Winter trade, which they will be enabled to offer at greatly reduced prices, either for cash or in exchange for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Apples, Lard, Tallow, Pork, Barrels, Butter, Eggs and Poultry—for which they will give the very best prices.

They keep constantly on hand BACON, which they will sell low; also, Sole Leather, Calf, Kip, Morocco, Goat, Lining and Blinding, Skins—cheap.

They will also buy WHEAT for which they will pay cash, and give the highest prices.

Oct. 1, 1846.

N. B They are prepared to forward all wheat offered for transportation to Harpers-Ferry or any other point on the Rail Road, with despatch. They will also deliver Grate Coal in Charlestown at $6 per ton.

GROCERIES—A large and complete stock of Groceries on hand, which we will sell very cheap. WOODS & CO.

Oct 22.

Fall & Winter Goods.

I AM now receiving my supply of Fall and Winter Goods, to which I invite the attention of my customers and the public generally.

Oct 8. WM S LOCK.

BACON—For sale a large lot of first rate Bacon, very cheap for cash.

Oct 8 WM S LOCK.

NOW RECEIVING.

1287 BOXES manufactured Tobacco, embracing every variety of quality of lbs. half lbs., 5's, 8's, 12's and 16's, to the pound, in boxes of from 140 to 15 lbs. weight.

100 Boxes 8 by 10 Glass; 30 Cases Pint Flasks; 50 do. Tumblers assorted;
100 boxes Pipes;
70 kegs Garrett's Scoth Snuff;
8 do Lancaster do;
1 case French do;
30,000 superior Old Havana Segars;
500 reams Wrapping Paper; 120 do Printing do; 15 kegs News Ink; 40 doz. Black Writing do; 40 gross Bonnet Boards; 10 cases Cap and Letter Paper;

All of which will be sold at very low prices, and on terms to suit the times.

LLOYD LOGAN.

Winchester, Oct 8, 1846—$2

MACHINE ROPE—For sale by

Aug 20. *T C Sigafoose.*

NEW GOODS.

WE are receiving our usual supply of Fall and Winter Goods, which we invite our customers and the people to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Oct 15. MILLER & TATE.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber is now receiving and opening his Fall and Winter Stock of Goods, which have been selected with care, and comprise some of the handsomest and cheapest goods ever before offered in this place.

Oct 15. T C SIGAFOOSE.

New Fall Goods.

CRANE & SADLER have just received, and are now opening, their stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

which have been selected with great care in the Eastern markets, and which are now offered at greatly reduced prices.

Oct. 15, 1846.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscribers are now receiving their supply of Fall & Winter Goods, which have been bought with great care and on the best terms. We would politely invite all to give us a call, and if we cannot please both in quality and price, of course we will not expect to sell. WOODS & CO.

Harpers-Ferry, Oct 8.

DRESS GOODS.

WE would call the attention of the Ladies to our stock of Dress Goods, which they will find to be very beautiful, such as Cashmere Robes, Mouslines, French Ginghams, Plaids and Calicoes. Also, Cashmere, and a great variety of winter Shawls, all of which we are determined to sell cheap.

Oct 8. WOODS & CO.

RIBBONS & FLOWERS.

BEAUTIFUL style winter Ribbons and Flowers, just received by

Oct 8 WOODS & CO.

SATTINETS & LINSEYS.

A LARGE stock of Sattinets, from 25 cents upwards—also, Fulled and Plaid Linseys.

Oct 8. WOODS & CO.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

WE would ask the gentlemen to call and examine our stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, which we are confident can be sold cheaper than they can find them elsewhere. WOODS & CO.

Oct 8

CARPETING.—Ingrain, Venetian and Rag Carpeting for sale low, by

Oct 8 WOODS & CO.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

THE Gentlemen of our town and county are invited to an examination of my supply of French and English Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, at prices greatly reduced. I wish to show them to all, whether they wish to buy or not, as I know they cannot fail to make a favorable impression. J J MILLER.

Oct 8.

GLASS and Putty, for sale by

Oct 8. J H BEARD.

HEAVY GOODS.

JUST received, every description of coarse and fine cotton and woollen Goods, suitable for the season, which I can and will sell as low as the lowest. WM S LOCK.

Oct 8.

C. Fish & Co.,

AGENTS for the sale of the Genuine Patent Galvanic Rings, and Christie's Magnetic Fluid, a positive and permanent cure of Rheumatism and all Nervous Complaints.

For sale at Brown's Hotel, Washington, D.C

Jan 1, 1846—1y.

NEW GOODS.

THE Junior Partner of our firm will return in a few days from Philadelphia and Baltimore, with a large assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries Queensware, Hardware, &c.,

All of which will be sold to punctual dealers at short profits on twelve months credit. We invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. GIBSON & HARRIS.

Oct 15.

200 BLACK BOTTLES for sale low, by J H BEARD.

Sept 10.

COTTON BAGS.—A large lot Cottenags and Bagging, for sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Sept 10.

FASHIONABLE Bonnet and Cap Ribbands, and Artificial Flowers, for sale by

Oct 22. *Crane & Sadler.*

To the Ladies.

WE are now receiving our supply of Fall Dress Goods, which consists of a variety of styles of Mouselines and Cashmeres, plain and sattin striped Palo Alto, Oregon and Monterey Plaids, new and desirable articles for Dresses;

A variety of Bonnet Silk and Bonnet Trimmings; Shawls, Scarfs, and a few Graduated Robes $1,75; Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

Oct 22. JNO. J. LOCK & CO.

Gentlemen's Wear.

WE can now offer to the Gentlemen greater bargains in Cloths, Cassimeres and Sattinetts, than have ever been offered in Charlestown. Cloths of all shades and prices, from 2 to 10 dolls; Cassimere, such as sold last spring for 1,75 can now be bought for $1;

Good Sattinets at 50 cents.

All who wish to purchase cheap should call soon, for bargains will sell and must go.

Oct 22. J J LOCK & CO.

Shingles & Plank Wanted.

TEN thousand good Oak Shingles, and any quantity of Pine Plank and Scantling will be taken in exchange for goods at fair cash prices, by W S LOCK.

Sept 17.

Worsted Hoods, &c.

WORSTED Hoods, Caps, Coats, Comforts, Gaiters, Muffs, children's Spencers, &c., a large assortment of Hosiery, for sale by

Oct 22 CRANE & SADLER

Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings,

WE invite the attention of the gentlemen to our stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, and rich Vestings, which we can sell as cheap as the cheapest. CRANE & SADLER.

Oct 22.

HATS and CAPS—A great variety, new, for sale by *S Heflebower & Co.*

Oct 22.

SHOES & BOOTS.

1 CASE large heavy Brogans,
1 do do Boots,
1 case fine Boots, for sale by

Oct 22. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

Queensware and Hardware.

A FULL stock, new, for sale by

Oct 22. *S Heflebower & Co.*

CONFECTIONARY—100 lbs. Candies, assorted; 6 boxes Raisins; 1 frail soft shell Almonds; Ju Jube Paste; Filberts, &c., all fresh, for sale by

Oct 22 S HEFLEBOWER & CO.

HORSE Shoe Iron and Nail Rods, American and English Blister and Shear and Cast Steel, Sheet Iron, and Strap Iron for sale by

Wm. R. Seevers.

Summit Point, Oct 22.

STOVES.—We would call the attention of Housekeepers to a new article of Cook Stove, which we have on hand, and which, upon examination, they will find to be an excellent article for saving both labor and wood.

We have also an assortment of other Stoves, some with boilers; also a stove suitable for chambers; all of which we will sell cheap.

Please call and examine them.

WOODS & CO.

Harpers-Ferry, Oct 22.

Fall Goods.

THE subscribers are now receiving a large supply of Seasonable Goods.

Oct 22. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Notice to Farmers & Millers.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Farmers and Millers in general, that he still continues the

Coopering Business,

in South Bolivar, near Mr. Hall's tavern.

I have engaged my father, S. A. Pilcher, to conduct the business for me, and he is authorized to buy, sell, and receipt in my name.

I wish to engage FOUR good and steady COOPERS to make flour barrels, to whom a fair price will be given.

JOHN W. PILCHER.

Sept 24, 1846—2m

J. Gregg Gibson, M. D.,

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public. He has become associated with Dr. J. J. H. Straith, so that he will always have the benefit of his instruction and counsel. Unless professionally absent, he may be found at all hours at Dr. Straith's office.

Aug 27, 1846—3m.

ANDREW E. KENNEDY,

Attorney at Law & Solicitor in Chancery,

BALTIMORE, MD.

PRACTICES in the various Courts of the city, Annapols, Ellicotts Mills, and Bel Air, Harford county.

Office, No. 6, Court-house Lane.

Reference may be made to James M. Mason, Esq *Winchester*; Ed. E. Cooke, Andrew Hunter, Wm. Lucas, and Wm. B. Thompson, Esqs, *Charlestown.*

Aug 27, 1846—3m

Lawrence B. Washington,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional Services to the public.

He may be found in Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.

Nov 27, 1845.

A CARD.

WILLIAM LUCAS & BENJ. F. WASHINGTON,

HAVING associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, will attend the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick, and Clarke.

Office the same as heretofore occupied by Lucas & Bedinger.

Charlestown, Aug. 14, 1845—tf.

The Senior Partner in the above Card would say to his friends and to the public generally, that he has again resumed, with renewed zeal, the practice of his profession, which the duties of public life, for the last few years, have compelled him in a measure to neglect. To all, then, who would entrust their business to his charge, he deems it only necessary for him to say, that he is again prepared, as heretofore, with all his energy, to do battle in their cause, and to protect, with all his ability, the rights and interests of his clients. He can generally be found, when not elsewhere professionally engaged, at his office in Charlestown.

Aug. 28, 1845.—tf.

WARRANTED

French Burr Mill Stones.

THE subscribers having associated themselves for the purpose of *Manufacturing FRENCH BURRS,* Take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they are now prepared to execute all orders with promptness and despatch, and of the best articles, and at city prices. Orders from any part of the valley and the adjoining counties, accompanied with satisfactory references, will be promptly attended to. They may be seen at our shop near the Depot. WILSON, FUNK & CO.

Winchester, May 14, 1846—6m.

C. E. Wetmore & Co.,

Dealers in Imported, Domestic & Fancy Hardware, Table Cutlery, Waiters, Silver Plated & Britannia Ware, Block Tin & Japanned Ware, Solar and Hall Lamps,

COMPRISING a great variety of articles under each of the above heads. Great inducements are offered to cash dealers. Give us a call. Hotels and families furnished complete at the shortest notice, and at the lowest cash prices. Call at No. 10, Nor Charles st., Baltimore, opposite the Union Bank, and near the new Methodist Church.

Baltimore, Aug 20, 1846—tf.

Canfield, Brother & CO.,

Importers, Manufacturers & Dealers

IN Watches, Fine Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Lamps, Military and Fancy Goods, No. 227, Baltimore Street, corner of Charles street, Baltimore.

Ira C. Canfield,
Wm. B Canfield,
Jos. H. Meredith,

July 23, 1846—tf

JOHN V. EMICH,

Stove, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware Manufacturer.

NO. 25, Light Street, Baltimore, has always an extensive and complete assortment of Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, which he offers at wholesale or retail, on liberal terms.

His assortment consists in part of COOKING STOVES, of the most approved kinds,

COAL STOVES of Sheet and Cast Iron,

Radiating Stoves,	Parlor Stoves,
Franklin do	Box do
Nineplate do	Hollow Ware Castings
Tenplate do	Tin Ware, &c.

☞ Orders for Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all descriptions promptly attended to.

Country Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine the quality of the goods and prices before purchasing.

Aug 13, 1846—3m.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Hat, Cap & Fancy Fur Store.

No. 132 Baltimore Street.

THE subscriber has on hand a large and general assortment of

HATS, CAPS,

AND

FANCY FURS,

Comprising one of the most complete stocks ever offered in this city. All of which will be sold wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Country merchants and others are respectfully invited to examine my stock before purchasing. JAMES L. McPHAIL.

Baltimore, Oct 8, 1846—6m

N. B. Military Hats and Caps of every description, made to order. Also, Army and Navy Chappeaux.

To the Farmers and Millers,

THE undersigned having leased the WARE HOUSE, at Shepherdstown, recently occupied by Mr. William Shorit, is now prepared to forward Grain & Flour to the District Market, or to purchase, or make liberal advance when received. THOMAS G. HARRIS.

Jan. 22, 1846.—tf.

To Farmers and Millers.

THE undersigned has moved from the ware house lately Rented from Mr. Shepherd's Heirs, into his own large new Stone Ware House, and is still prepared to Forward

Grain and Flour

To the District Markets, or to purchase or make liberal advances when received.

WM. SHORTT.

Shepherdstown, Feb. 12, 1846.—tf.

"Spirit of Jefferson" and "Martinsburg Gazette," will pay no copy.

GROCERIES.—1 Hhd Molasses;
1 Hhd Sugar; 2 Bbls Harvest Brown Sugar, new, for sale by *S Heflebower & Co.*

Oct 22.

NOTICE.

THE Farmers of Jefferson and adjacent counties will find me *at home,* where I shall be at all times prepared to CONTRACT for their CROPS of WHEAT.

Those calling to make sale, will please bring with them a sample of the Wheat they wish to sell, carefully *selected.* JAMES L. RANSON.

Oct 22, 1846.

WALTER & CO.,

No 28, South Howard Street, BALTIMORE,

FLOUR Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Country Produce generally. Liberal advances made on consigments. Refer to

H. M. Brent, Esq. Cashier } *Winchester, Va.*
J. H. Sherrard, Esq. "
J. P. Reily, Esq.
Sam'l Jones, Jr. Esq. } *Baltimore.*
Pres't B & O R. R
Messrs. W. & S. Wyman,
J. Landstreet & Son